

MELLEN ASKS TO BE HEARD

Claims He Alone Knows Facts of Deal With Grand Trunk and Asks Permission to Testify

New Haven, Dec. 9.—The following letter has been sent by President Charles S. Mellen of the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad company to Henry A. Wise, United States District Attorney of New York:

"At New York City, Dec. 6.
"Hon. Henry A. Wise, United States District Attorney for the Southern District of New York:

"Sir—I understand that a Federal Grand Jury, sitting within your district is investigating the relations between the Grand Trunk railway of Canada and the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad company.

"As all the negotiations between the two companies have been conducted on the part of the New Haven railroad by myself, and am I am the only person connected with the New Haven who had anything to do with these negotiations, or was present while they were going on, and am, therefore, the only one connected with the New Haven road who has personal knowledge of the facts, I desire to be allowed to testify regarding this matter before this Grand Jury.

"I wish it distinctly understood that I waive all claim that I might have to immunity from criminal prosecution on account of my testifying concerning this matter before the Grand Jury.

"I have to ask of you that my request as embodied in this letter be laid before the Grand Jury for its action thereon. Yours respectfully,
"C. S. MELLEN, President."

INTEREST IN HEARING.

More Than 40 From New England Will Be Present When O'Shaunessy's Resolution Comes Up.

Washington, Dec. 9.—More than 40 New Englanders will be present at the hearing to be given Tuesday morning on the resolution of Congressman O'Shaunessy of Rhode Island, which calls for the appointment of a special commission to investigate the alleged agreement between the Grand Trunk and the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad.

In addition to many other Boston-

(Continued on page six)

SUPERIOR COURT AGAIN IN SESSION

Case of Eaton Against Molette On Trial.

Superior court reconvened in this city this morning with Judge Robert G. Pike of Dover presiding.

The case of Fred Eaton and Mrs. Nellie J. Gibson against John Molette is the first jury case marked for hearing. The case involves an alleged trespass to person. Molette had supervision over an acreage in Rye. Eaton claims that he bought the garden truck from the owner and that when he and Mrs. Gibson went to pick the truck, Molette shot at them and killed Gibson's horse. Page Bartlett & Mitchell are counsel for the plaintiffs, and Kelley and Hatch for the defendant.

GONE TO NEW YORK

E. L. Chaney Will Attend Civil Service Convention.

Ernest L. Chaney left Sunday night for New York where he will represent the local civil service employees of the navy yard at the eastern convention. The purpose of the meeting is to transact routine business of the order and to formulate recommendations to be made to the national legislature at this session. The employees favor and various Presidents have recommended in their message the passing of a pension act. Age of retirement, seniority of service and the basis of pensioning are to be discussed at the convention.

Mr. Chaney who is district deputy grand exalted ruler of the Elks for the district of New Hampshire has received evidence of the activity of the order in this state in the petition at various Rochester members of Dover lodge for the institution of a lodge in Rochester. Preparations are being made for the birth of the lodge.

SLOOP IN TROUBLE.

Breaks Down Off Shoals—Runs on Bluff at Henderson's Point While in Tow.

The engine of the fishing sloop Piche N., Capt. George Dobson, refused to work when off the Isles of Shoals on Saturday and the lifesaving crew at Appledore Island were obliged to go to his assistance and tow him to this city.

When coming up the river Dobson experienced more trouble and the sloop in tow of the lifesavers' boat was run ashore on the bluff at Henderson's point. Her bows were smashed in and the house considerably damaged.

The accident did not prevent the boat from getting to the docks though Captain Dobson claims it will cost \$80 or \$100 to make the necessary repairs to the boat.

SMOKE TALK.

Central Labor Union Has the Goods for Thursday Evening.

The Central Labor Union will be doing things on Thursday night at the U. V. C. hall. The affair is to be a smoke talk and several invites have been sent out. If you have been favored with a card and don't respond you will lose a barrel of fun. The Union has been working hard to make this a lively gathering, and there is every indication that it will be nothing short of a bang-up good time. The committee will produce something in the amusement line that could make a hit on any vaudeville stage.

THE WEATHER

Washington, Dec. 8.—Forecast for New England: fair and colder, with a cold wave Monday; Tuesday fair, with slowly rising temperature, brisk northwest winds. Local forecast for Portsmouth and vicinity—Monday fair and much colder; Thursday fair, moderate to brisk northwest to west winds.

MINIATURE ALMANAC

Sun rises 7:02
Sun sets 4:12
Length of day 3:10
Day's decrease 6:07
High tide, 11:30 a. m., 12:01 p. m.

POLITICAL ADVERTISEMENT.

POLITICAL ADVERTISEMENT.

POLITICAL ADVERTISEMENT.

MAKE MAYOR BADGER'S RE-ELECTION UNANIMOUS AND GIVE HIM A SUPPORTING CITY GOVERNMENT.

THE RE-ELECTION OF MAYOR BADGER IS ASSURED BY A MAJORITY AS LARGE AS THAT OF LAST YEAR AND IN FACT BY MORE RATHER THAN LESS. MAKE IT UNANIMOUS!

Hundreds of good republicans, such as HAROLD H. BENNETT, one of the candidates for the city council upon the republican ticket, and others of his standing believe the issue to be a moral one and that party politics should have no place in it, and as Mr. Bennett has done by his manly letter, they publicly announce their support of the Mayor. And there are no traitors in the ranks of the democratic party. In these days of victory in State and Nation there is no place for them.

WE HAVE YET TO HEAR OF ONE SINGLE DEMOCRAT WHO WILL NOT VOTE OUR TICKET FROM TOP TO BOTTOM.

One voter, who never yet voted for or supported Mayor Badger, at times pretending to be a democrat, but never voting the ticket or aiding the party in any way whatever unless he was a candidate for office or trying to continue to hold on to one he had obtained, is opposing us with a newspaper back of him, but his support has never yet helped a candidate of our party and his opposition to our candidate has always been a good omen for that candidate's success. We congratulate the party that now, just when it is coming into power in State and Nation, this man has made his position clear and renounced any pretended affiliation with the party that made him, and relieved it from the trouble of finding some office for him.

If there is a real democrat in our ranks who is or is to be a traitor, we ask him to have the decency to step out from under the folds of our protecting banner and hoist to the public gaze his black flag—the traitor's colors—and then we shall know one ingrate.

Fellow Citizens, you all know the situation and Mr. Bennett by his published letter shows it perfectly well. You know that the so-called "bosses" and "slick politicians" who keep in the background now, always in league with the forces of evil and always aided by big money contributions derived from vice and crime, have put upon their ticket names of good and well meaning citizens hoping thereby to conceal their attempt to carry to victory the head of their ticket and defeat Mayor Badger against whom all their shafts are aimed. **THEY CARE NOTHING FOR THESE GOOD MEN ON THEIR TICKET AND PRIVATELY RIDICULE THEM.** It is for you to say by your votes whether you desire that a small section of our city specially set apart and dedicated to crime, where vice unblushingly vaunts itself—even robbery and murder—shall dictate the politics of our city and the election of our rulers. You know that this attempt it being made. It is for you to say whether that small section shall be illuminated and filled with shameless rejoicing on Tuesday night, or whether the good people all over our dear old city, when they retire that night, can thank Heaven that the tears of weeping wives and mothers and the advice and prayers of anxious fathers, brothers, sisters and children have not been all in vain.

We present a ticket that will support Mr. Badger, pledged to ECONOMY, HONESTY AND THE SUPREMACY OF THE LAW, AND A SQUARE DEAL TO EVERYBODY.

For Mayor:

DANIEL W. BADGER

Councilmen at Large:

EDWARD A. WEEKS

AZIAH C. WILLEY

RICHARD A. COONEY

WILLARD M. GRAY

Ward Councilmen:

Ward 1—EZRA OSCAR PINKHAM

Ward 2—SAMUEL T. LADD

Ward 3—HARRY J. CRONIN

Ward 4—FRANK L. WOODS

Ward 5—MAX GOODMAN

Assessor of Taxes:

CHAUNCEY B. HOYT

Board of Public Works:

JAMES W. BARRETT

Board of Instruction:

ALFRED GOODING

FRED S. TOWLE

FERNANDO W. HARTFORD

IDA P. BENFIELD

JOHN W. EMERY,

Chairman of the Democratic City Committee.

HORRIBLE!!!

We feel it to be a duty we owe to the voters of our city to call attention to the candidate for Registrar of Voters upon the republican ticket in Ward 5. He is the FORMER PROPRIETOR of the notorious No. 51 Water Street, and his name is familiar to the police and in court proceedings.

Shall this man decide who shall vote and who shall not vote in this city? If he is elected YOUR RIGHT TO VOTE IS AT HIS MERCY. Should not every respectable man on that ticket desert it? If not, why not?

JOHN W. EMERY

Chairman of the Democratic City Committee.

ALL ARE MEN OF THE HIGHEST HONOR AND INTEGRITY.

John Pender has lived in Portsmouth for seventy years. Every other candidate on the ticket with him has lived here for not less than twenty years, and many of them all their lives.

Their splendid record as good citizens is a sufficient guaranty of a safe and sane administration of the moral as well as the business integrity of the city.

Their Election Is Universally Conceded.

Republican City Committee,
By FRANK F. NEWICK, Secretary.

Warm Weather Prices on Furs

The Continued Warm Weather Has Knocked the Prices of Furs. We Can Offer Coats, Muffs, and Scarfs at the Following Prices

Muffs—\$2.50 value. Warm weather price	\$1.75	Black Set—\$8.50 value. Warm weather price	\$6.75
Muffs—\$6.00 value. Warm weather price	\$4.50	Black Possum Set—\$12.50 value. Warm weather price	\$9.50
Muffs—\$8.50 value. Warm weather price	\$6.75	Grey Set—\$12.50 value. Warm weather price	\$12.50
Muffs—\$17.00 value. Warm weather price	\$12.50	Red Fox Set—\$25.00 value. Warm weather price	\$18.50
Full length black Pony Coats, \$50.00 value. Warm weather price	\$38.00		

Lewis E. Staples, 7 Market St.

PRESIDENT TAFT GOING TO PANAMA

Will Take His Entire Family and
May Spend Christmas in Canal Zone

Norfolk, Va., Dec. 9.—President Taft accompanied by his staff and his entire family, will leave for Panama this month on the battleship Arkansas, the largest and fastest ship in the United States navy. The Arkansas will be accompanied by the battleship Delaware, and the start will be made from Key West between the 13th and 17th of this month.

The President and his party will in all probability spend Christmas at Cristobal, although it is possible that they will return in time to eat Christmas dinner at the White House.

Besides the President and his immediate family and staff, the party to make the trip on the Arkansas will include Mr. and Mrs. Charles P. Taft, Mr. Hilles, secretary to the President; Maj. Rhoads and Lieut. Commander Timmons. Two maids, and two women cooks will also be taken along.

The Arkansas now in Hampton roads, will be fitted out with commodious quarters for the President and his family. Silverware and china dishes bought in New York especially for the trip will be placed on board the Arkansas probably tomorrow. The President's yacht, Mayflower, left New York yesterday with tableware which will be transferred

to the Arkansas when the Mayflower reaches Hampton roads tomorrow morning.

Ten extra beds purchased especially for the President and his family, are on their way to the Arkansas from Baltimore. Lace curtains, a piano, talking machine, and scores of books and magazines are being purchased for use by the party on the trip. A Taft size bath tub will be installed on the Arkansas, and private baths for the entire party will be provided for.

It is probable that several in the party may have accommodations on the Delaware, if it is found that comfortable quarters cannot be provided for everybody on the Arkansas.

The Arkansas will coal, take on provisions and sail for Key West, probably tomorrow or Tuesday. The big ship started for sea today but returned to Hampton roads after orders were received to make preparations for taking the President to Panama.

The President will board the Arkansas at Key West next Saturday or Sunday. The ship will sail immediately for Cristobal, accompanied by the Delaware.

A select list of provisions including Princess Anne turkeys and Smithfield hams, will be taken on board the Arkansas tomorrow.

STOMACH SOUR? GOT INDIGESTION ALSO?

"Pape's Diapiesin" Makes Upset
Stomach Feel Fine in Five Minutes

If what you just ate is souring on your stomach, or lies like a lump of lead refusing to digest, or you belch gas and eructate sour, undigested food or have a feeling of dizziness, heartburn, fullness, nausea, bad taste in mouth, headache—this is indigestion.

A full case of Pape's Diapiesin costs only fifty cents and will thoroughly cure your out of order stomach and leave sufficient about the house in case someone else in the family may suffer from stomach trouble or indigestion.

Ask your pharmacist to show you the formula plainly printed on the fifty cent cases, then you will understand why dyspeptic troubles of all kinds must go, and why they usually relieve sour, out of order stomachs or indigestion in five minutes. Diapiesin is harmless and tastes like candy, though each dose contains power sufficient to digest and prepare for assimilation in the blood, all the food you can eat; besides it makes you go to the table with a hearty appetite; but what will please you most is that you will feel that your stomach and intestines are clean and fresh, and you will not need to resort to laxatives or liver pills for biliousness of constipation.

This city will have many Diapiesin cranks, as some people will call them but you will be cranks about this splendid stomach preparation, too, if you ever try a little for indigestion, or gastritis or any other stomach misery.

Get some now, this minute, and forever rid yourself of stomach trouble and indigestion.

ANNUAL BANQUET.

Atlantic Shore Men Have the
Time of Their Lives at
Ogunquit.

The annual banquet and entertainment of the Atlantic Shore Railway Relief association, which took place at the new firemen's hall, Ogunquit, eclipsed all previous efforts of the organization in any undertaking of this kind. Over sixty were present and everybody is filled with praise over the high class entertainment and especially the feast they found before them when the "cats" were ready.

H. W. Sturtevant, treasurer of the western division, acted as toastmaster and continually displayed his wit to the enjoyment of all, especially so when he sang "My Carpet Needs Sweeping, It's Walked on So Much."

James Spiney, though more familiarly known as "Seabury Jim," an employee of the road since it was first built, played several selections on the trombone and flute, accompanied by "Red" Jewell, pianist, while the Railway Quartette composed of Edward Gerlach, first tenor, Rocco Shapleigh, second tenor, Capt. Marden, baritone, and "Law" Goodwin, bass, sang many of the latest vocal hits.

Stanley Seger, the beauty

drummer of the road, did a tramp monologue and continually worked on the boys' nerves with his home plate jokes. Every time at the bat he landed one and they were easily caught and appreciated.

The six-round bout between "Corset" Brooks and "Hungry" Roberts was declared a draw as neither one could see the other and continually fanned the atmosphere.

Everyone extended their kind thanks to the management for the free use of the special car and at a late hour the return trip was made, everyone declaring the best time ever.

The committee in charge consisted of Irvin Hatch, Eugene Cloutier and Chester Donald.

The menu was as follows:

Celery	Pickles
Steamed Clams	Broiled Lobster
Fried Clams	
French Fried Potatoes	
Tomato Ketchup	
Hot Rolls	Irish Salad
Cream Pie	Doughnuts
American Cheese	Fancy Crackers
Oranges	Grapes
Coffee	Apples
	Cigars—7-20-4

AT CONCORD.

Local Officers Will Attend
School of Instruction.

A school of instruction for the officers of the New Hampshire National Guard will be held at Concord on Friday next. Major Chauncey B. Hoyt, Captain Fred T. Harriman and Lieutenant Washburn and Locklin will attend from this city.

MARY RANTOUL PEABODY

Died in Cambridge, Dec. 7, Mary Rantoul, eldest daughter of the late Dr. Andrew Peabody. Services at the First Parish church, Harvard Square, Monday Dec. 9 at three o'clock. Please send no flowers to the house.

A CHRISTMAS SUGGESTION.

To your friend who enjoys good reading you can make no better or more acceptable Christmas gift than a subscription to the Boston Evening Transcript. The publishers have issued a neatly engraved subscription certificate to be given to those ordering the paper as a holiday offering, which may be sent by mail to reach the recipient at Christmas time. Free sample copies and rates will be cheerfully furnished by the Boston Transcript Co., Boston, Mass. hc ds 11

LARGE ADVANCE SALE

The unusually large sale of tickets for "The Schoolmistress," one of Pinero's most successful plays, is most pleasing to the members of the Players' Club Association, who will present the play for the benefit of the Girls' Club at Freeman's hall, Dec. 12. Tickets 35 cents are on sale at Harvey's jewelry store.

SALE AND ENTERTAINMENT

Inasmuch Circle, King's Daughters of the North church will hold a sale and entertainment in the chapel on Middle street Tuesday, Dec. 10, afternoon and evening. Sale opens at three o'clock. An entertainment, "A Modern Sewing Society," will be presented by the Girls' Club in the evening. Admission 15 cents.

POLITICAL ADVERTISEMENT

HERE IS THE MAN WHOM THE PEOPLE WANT,
TO SEE THAT THE LAWS ARE ENFORCED.

All the Bad Element of the community are against him.
Enlist in helping the People win this victory.



VOTE FOR
D. WESLEY BADGER FOR MAYOR.

He did not seek the nomination but has accepted the call
and will do his duty. He stands for the Best Interests of the
community.

JOHN W. EMERY,
Chairman Democratic City Committee.

KITTERY

Sreezy Items From Village
Across the River.

Kittery Correspondent's Telephone,

78-M; P. O. box 303.

Riverside Lodge No. 72 I O O F,

meets this Monday evening. The

first degree will be conferred.

The Racquet Club held its regular

meeting on Friday evening, and

among business transacted it was

voted to limit the membership. There

are now 33 enrolled leaving a chance

for only a few more to join.

Albert M. Bragdon cashier of the

York Bank was a visitor in town

on Saturday.

George Manent of Prude's Crossing

is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Lewis

Gerrish.

A hearing will be held in Portland

on Wednesday, before the United

States Federal Court concerning the

right of taking by eminent domain,

by the United States government, of

a strip of land on the Traip estate

for an approach to the new bridge.

That is to be built to the navy yard.

The United States Dist. Atty. and

the United States Marshal were in

town on Saturday looking over the

property involved and summoned

several prominent business men in

town to appear before the court as

expert land witnesses.

Jesse A. Darrough of Charlestown

passed Sunday in town.

The "Tom Thumb Wedding" which

was to have been repeated tonight,

in Portsmouth, and possibly at North

Kittery, within a few days, was can-

celsed Sunday evening, owing to the

threatened outbreak of scarlet fever.

Mrs. Charles Rudolph is suffering

from an attack of tonsillitis.

Mrs. John H. Gerry and daughter

daughter, Mrs. George Fernald are

passing two days in Kennebunk, the

guests of relatives.

M. O. Stimson passed Sunday with

his daughter in Portsmouth.

Mr. Benjamin Kreene of Rogers

road still remains very ill at his

home. His wife, who also has been

sick is improving.

Miss Edith Bicknell, formerly of

Kittery, now a trained nurse, has

her home on Whipple road and came

to New Hampshire to pass the winter

with her sister.

Albert Mason of Dame street, who

has been very ill is able to go out

once more.

On Thursday evening, immediately

following the lodge session, York

Rebekah lodge will have a social,

with home made candy, ice cream,

and kitchen aprons on sale. A snort

program will be given. Donations

of aprons or candy are asked from

the members.

Sergeant Kinslow of the U. S. S.

Southern has moved from U. G.

Sweet's house on Main street to

Portsmouth.

The home of Mr. Cochrane has

been placed in quarantine on account

of scarlet fever.

Asher Damon is still restricted to

the house with a lame foot.

Frank E. Donnell has taken his

discharge from the navy yard.

Mrs. Leo Irish has returned to her

home in Providence after a visit with

her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Charles

Farwell of Walker street.

NOTICE.

All taxes remaining unpaid Decem-

ber 14, 1912, will be collected by due

process of law.

STEPHEN L. HOBBS,

Collector, Town of Kittery, Me.

h ds 21

RAILROAD NOTES

The schedule of the electric cars to

Greenland on the extension of the

Portsmouth Electric Railroad is be-

ing made up by the management.

Though the complete time table has

not been perfected it has been decid-

ed however, that an early car will

leave Greenland on time to get the

navy yard workmen and others em-

ployed in this city at the plains at

6.45 a. m. Another good part of the

schedule will be the running of the

last Middle street car at 11.00 p. m.,

to Greenland Parade.

Herbert Spiney, telegraph opera-

tor at Spiney's switch, east of KIL-

tery has concluded his duties with

the Boston & Maine. Mr. Emery

has been employed by the Boston &

Maine for nearly 25 years.

The Boston & Maine Railroad is

storing several hundred coal cars

on the several side tracks at the

paper mill.

POLICE HEARING.

Complaint Against Manchester
Police Department
Closed.

The hearing on the complaint of

the Free Speech Alliance against the

Manchester police commission was

reopened on Saturday at the senate

chamber in the State House by Gov.

Bass at 10.30 o'clock. No new testi-

mony of public interest was intro-

duced and at the close of the hearing

the complaint was taken under advis-

KITTERY POINT

What Is Happening In the
Harbor Town.

Frank Morse has purchased a mo-
to boat to be used in lobstering.
Miss Maud Moulton is still contin-
ued to her home by illness. Her posi-
tion as teacher in the Wentworth
school is being filled by Mrs. Theo-
dore Parsons.

Capt. Thomas D. Bray on Saturday
hailed up his auxiliary gasoline and
sail boat Arthur H. for the winter
months.

Mrs. Walter Bryant of Everett,
Mass., has been the recent guest of
Mr. and Mrs. Elmer Riley.

Kenneth Fuller is confined by ill-
ness to the home of his parents, Mr.
and Mrs. Ray Fuller.

Herbert Seawards still remains

critically ill at his home.

Capt. John Peckett has returned to
his home in Brooklyn N. Y., after a
visit to his brother Capt. Joseph
Peckett.

Frank Keene of Ogunquit, Me., has

taken employment with Joseph Em-
ery.

Prayer meeting will be held in the
vestry of the Free Baptist church
at 7.30 on Tuesday evening.

The Christian Endeavor Prayer
meeting will be held at the First
Christian church Tuesday evening at
7.30. Miss Mary Bond, leader.

Miss Bertha Keene passed Sunday
with relatives in Ogunquit, Me.
Mr. and Mrs. George W. Mitchell of
York were guests on Sunday of Mr.
and Mrs. Justin A. Sawyer.

Mrs. Lucy Collins is visiting her
daughter in Somerville, Mass.

Rev. Winifred Coffin was able to
occupy the pulpit at the First Chris-
tian church on Sunday.

Mr. Horace M. Nichell and son, re-
turned from New York on Saturday.
William Rossetter of Dover was the
guest of John Randall on Sunday.

Arrived.

Schooner Helen Montague, St.

John, N. B. for New York.

Schooner T. W. H. White, British,

Newcastle, N. B. for Vineyard Hav-

en.

Schooner Herbert W. Rogers, New-

buryport, for Camden, Me.

Schooner Otranto, Collas, Me. for

Beverly, Mass.

Schooner William D. Marvel,

Hantsport, N. S. for Boston.

MOTORCYCLE CRASHED INTO EXPRESS WAGON

Donnie Beane of Newington had a
narrow escape from being killed on
Vaughan street Saturday evening.

He was riding his motor cycle and
was coming down Vaughan street at a
good speed and at the junction of Han-

over street he met an American Ex-
press wagon crossing Vaughan. Beane

was going too fast to stop and he crashed
into the wagon, throwing him some

distance. He struck on his head, on
the iron man hole cover and cut a bad

gash in his face. His right hand was
badly sprained and a small bone broken.

The motor cycle was badly dam-

aged.

The Democrats of Ward Three are
to have a love feast at the Bartlett
street ward room this evening.

Use less Butter—
More Cottolene

No wonder butter is so high.
Particular women who are

loath to use lard or cooking
butter in their cakes and fine

pastry, use table butter. With
butter at the price you have

to pay for it, that's downright
extravagance. Cottolene is

just as good as butter for pas-
try; for frying, it is better.

And Cottolene costs no more
than lard. Moreover, Cotto-

lene is richer, and two-thirds
of a pound of it will go as far

as a pound of butter or lard.

And lard and Cottolene are
not to be mentioned in the

same breath,
for Cottolene

is a vegeta-
ble product,

healthful, al-
ways safe—

makes diges-
tible, rich, but

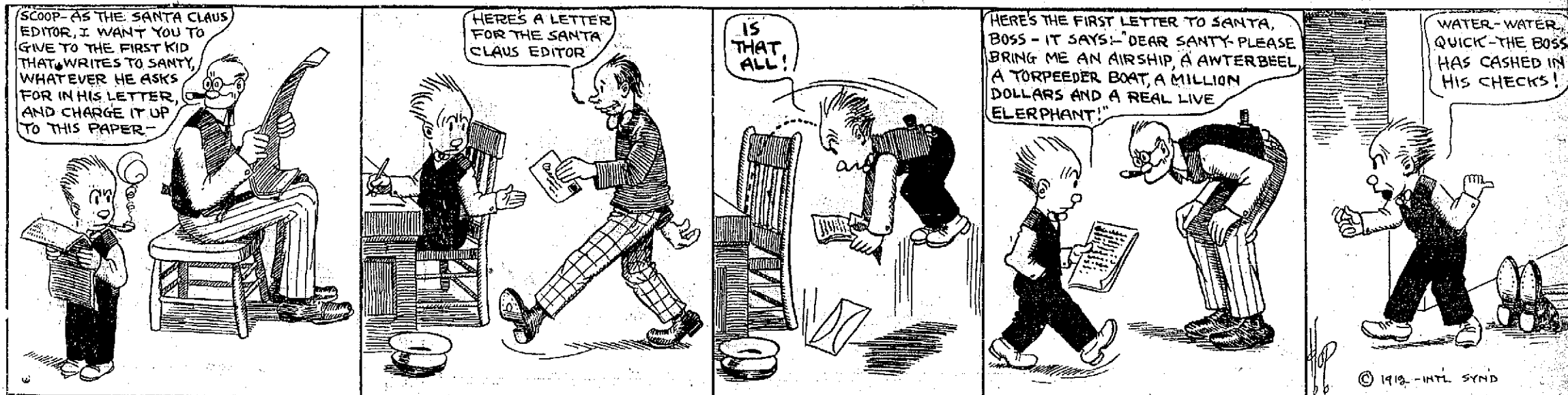
never greasy
food.

SCOOP

THE CUB
REPORTER

Even Santa Draws The Line At Some Things

BY HOP



Sugden Bros. Dealers in
all kinds of
Building Materials
Corner Green and Vaughan Streets

Lumber

BLINDS
DOORS
WINDOWS

Shingles

MOULDING
FLOORING
SCREENS

Mill Work

DRAIN PIPE
CEMENT
PAROID ROOF

NAVY YARD WORKMEN ON CIVIL SERVICE LIST

Washington, Dec. 8.—More than 25,000 skilled workmen in the navy yards through out the United States were Saturday placed on the protection of civil service by executive order of President Taft.

The President's order was issued with the approval of the Civil Service Commission, and in accordance with an opinion by Attorney-General Wickersham.

Only Skilled Men

No navy yard employees below the grade of skilled mechanics will be affected by President Taft's order. A recent conference of navy yard commandants recommended that the men be placed in the classified service and that was approved by Secretary Meyer.

Toolmakers, electricians, stone cutters, machinists, masons, moulders, ordnance men, plumbers and others will be affected by the order. Until eligible lists for the new classifications can be prepared, new appointments to such positions will be made in the regular way.

Rules for covering the 20,000 men into the classified service have been approved by the secretary of the navy and President Taft, and will be made known to the navy yard commandants shortly. It is said that the order will not displace any employees.

Will Feel Secure

"There will be less reason and less incentive for the use of political influence by applicants," civil service officials said today, "and the classification will have a salutary effect upon the employees who will feel secure in their positions. It will be noted that the matter of classification has been under advisement continuously for four years. The result is the emancipation from political or personal coercion of the navy yard people."

The order must become effective not later than June 30 next. It af-

fects all navy yard employees except common laborers. The present occupants of positions may be classified upon their efficiency being certified by the various commandants, or by being examined and found qualified by the Labor Board, and being recommended by the commanding officer under whom employed.

Competitive Examinations

The new regulations, which are now promulgated by executive order, provide for competitive examination and that district secretaries of the civil service commission shall be members of the various labor boards. They will afford employees classified thereunder the protection of the civil service act of other statutes relating to the classified service and of the civil service rules.

President Taft's order will have the effect of giving the employees the status they had from 1896 to 1909. The order continues the merit system prescribed by Congress in 1872, which was, with subsequent modifications, enforced in an executive order by President Cleveland in 1896.

HIGH COST FOR HAIRCUTS

Haverhill, Dec. 8.—The new prices of 35 cents for hair cuts, 25 cents for shaving and 15 cents for sea foam went into effect Saturday in the local barber shops. The 35 cents for the hair cuts being effective only on Saturdays and the price being 35 cents on other days.

The 12 firms that have signed the new agreements of the Barber's Union were rushed today, many of the barbers who have been out on a strike since last Monday for 69 instead of 71 hours and \$13 minimum wages an increase of \$1 being employed for the day.

No attempt was made by the 26 firms that have refused to sign the agreements to obtain barbers to take

the place of the strikers, and the bosses worked alone all day. The master barbers will hold another meeting next Monday afternoon when it is understood an ultimatum will be issued for an open shop.

OSGOOD LODGE TO VISIT LYNN

Next Tuesday evening, East Lynn Lodge of Odd Fellows will have as guests the members of Osgood Lodge, Portsmouth, N. H., and on that occasion there will be a street parade, banquet and the exemplification of the first degree. At 6:30 the members of the Lynn Lodge will dine in the banquet hall, and then a line will be formed and, headed by a band, they will march to the Central Station of the Lynn Lodge will line in the visitors will be received. The march will then be continued through the business streets, so that the New Hampshire brothers may have an opportunity of seeing the new street lighting system. At the hall, after the banquet, the degree will be worked on three Lynn candidates and two from Osgood Lodge. Past Grand John W. McKenna will be the chief marshal, and J. C. F. Stevens and J. B. Pearson will be in charge of affairs at the hall.—Lynn Item Boston Globe.

The above would indicate that the members of Osgood Lodge of this city, were in for a good time on Tuesday evening. They will leave here on a special train and it is expected that there will be at least a couple of hundred make the trip. There is a close bond of friendship between these two lodges, and their intercity meetings are big ones.

Clement G. Clark.

Clement G. Clark of this city died Saturday morning at the age of 83 years, having survived his wife but thirteen days. Funeral services will be held at Ham's Chapel, Market street, Monday at 3 o'clock. Friends invited.

PEACE CONFERENCE TO BE COMPLICATED

London, Dec. 8.—The prospects for a satisfactory and reasonably rapid settlement of the Balkan War and of the greater European interests hanging upon it, seemed brighter Saturday than at any time since the allied armies took the field against Turkey. The envoys from the Balkan kingdoms, Greece—If Greece decides to participate—and the Ottoman Empire will hold the first meeting of the peace conference next Friday. At the same time, the Ambassadors of the great Powers at London charged with the task of protecting the interests of their countries, will meet as a sort of court of appeals to watch, advise and admonish the peace delegates.

To reach even this complicated arrangement has strained all the resources of European diplomacy. There have been times in the last month when even the consent of all the Governments to a friendly gathering appeared beyond the range of possibility.

Austria consented yesterday to join the Ambassadorial conference and Germany, who stood aside awaiting the decision of her ally, announced her acquiescence today.

Historic Assemblage

This will be by far the most important assembly of diplomats since the Berlin conference after the Russo-Turkish War. Giants like Bismarck, Bismarck, Salisbury and Gorkechhoff, to be sure will not tread the stage, but their successors who will have an equally important work to perform.

One question charged with the possibilities of disaster is Serbia's unquenchable determination for an Adriatic port, and Austria's determination that she shall not have it. Serbian official newspapers make it plain that the little kingdom has made up its mind to take instructions from the Powers so far as public opinion in Serbia will let it.

A second interesting struggle will take place over Turkey's endeavors to hold as much of the conquered territory as Oriental diplomacy and the help of friendly Powers can save for her. The best bargain the Sultan can make probably will reduce his subjects in Europe from more than 6,000,000 to less than 2,000,000 and the Turk seems to be reconciled to this.

A third important factor will be the Greek attempt to gain Saloniki.

Commercial Problems
Besides various difficult questions will arise over the commercial status of the various states, the disposition of the Turkish debts attached to the conquered country and the final status of Adrianople.

That the peace negotiations proper will be less complicated than had been feared, is promised by the two facts that Turkey and Bulgaria appear to have reached an understanding already and that the dissension among the allies portended by the failure of Greece to sign the armistice is mostly myth a prearranged plan having been agreed to by the allies that Greece should stand out so that her navy could continue the blockade and acquire the islands, which are Greece's natural share of the spoils.

England Regarded as Friendly
London was selected for the conference because England is nearer neutral than any other great Power, both Turkey and the Balkan states considering her a friend, because the Powers have the ablest ambassadors in London, and because Sir Edward Grey, the British foreign secretary, who will naturally hold a commanding position, has a unique reputation for honesty among European diplomats.

The King has provided St. James' Palace for the meetings of the Peace

Commission. The palace is quaint and contains rooms gorgeous with paintings, tapestries and armor, and has the advantage of unusual quiet. Considering the importance of the business singularly few statesmen with world reputations will be seen. The Greek Premier, M. Venizelos, who shares with King Ferdinand of Bulgaria the honors of cementing the Balkan League, has started for London. The Egyptian Prince, Ahmed Foud, who is a candidate for the Albanian throne, is coming to make a personal campaign, in his own behalf. The premiers of three of the Balkan Kingdoms are also expected.

WANTS WILSON TO VISIT CANAL

Washington, Dec. 8.—President Taft has written a letter to Gov. Wilson of feeling to place at his disposal one of the big battleships of the navy to make a trip of inspection to the Panama Canal some time before Mr. Wilson is inaugurated.

The President has a thorough knowledge of the work of the Army engineers on the isthmus himself, through personal visits to the canal zone and is of the opinion that his successor would like to know as much as possible about the Nation's great engineering feat before he enters office.

Many questions of policy concerning the canal may be looked for in Mr. Wilson's Administration and Mr. Taft decided that it was only fair to the man who takes his place in the White House March 4 to offer him an opportunity to inspect the canal and gather information at first hand. The letter to Mr. Wilson was mailed to his Bermuda address. No answer had been received at the White House tonight.

GLUT OF STORAGE EGGS

About a Half a Million Unloaded on the Market in Chicago.

Chicago, Dec. 8.—Five hundred and seventy-five thousand eggs are said to have been put on the market at a loss of two cents a dozen by Chicago dealers yesterday. Thousands more were offered with no takers.

Commission merchants say the price of storage eggs is nowhere near the bottom yet and predict that with more than a million and a half cases in storage eggs will drop nearly 10 cents a dozen before New Year's.

According to the Warehouse Men's Association, there are 1,570,355 cases of eggs, 20 dozen to the case, now in storage here, 341,374 more than last year. A large proportion is held by speculators who borrowed money to make the purchase last spring.

CHAMPION STALLION SOLD

Imprecator, a Percheron, Goes to a New Hampshire Breeder for \$10,500.

Chicago, Dec. 8.—A new record price for a Percheron stallion was achieved Saturday when J. Crouch & Son, Lafayette, Ind., sold their champion Imprecator to a New Hampshire breeder for \$10,500. In 1911 he won the International Percheron Grand Stallion Championship in his 3-year-old form. Imprecator is pronounced by good judges the best individual Percheron ever imported into this country.



The Arthur E. Richardson Co.

Leave Your Order for Your New Fall Suit or Coat with Us.

Prompt delivery and a perfect fit. Strictly man tailored garments at the price of ready made. Fall styles are here and about 75 models to select from.

Newest and Best Silks

In latest weaves and colorings.

Corduroys

In black, brown, navy and the new mixtures.

Tailored Waists

Agents for McCall's Patterns

McCall's Magazine, complete large Catalogue, 10c. Embroidery Catalogue with a McCall's Kanamograph Pattern 15c. Special Catalogue and Monthly Fashion Sheet on FREE distribution at our store.

Rest Assured

It is not extravagance to wear tailor-made clothes—it is economy.

Because—Your clothes are made to your measure.

Because—The styles are absolutely correct.

Because—The garments are hand-tailored and finished throughout.

Because—You have a wider and better selection of patterns to choose from.

Because—The price is little or no higher than that asked for ready made clothes.

A visit to our store will demonstrate this to your own satisfaction.

CHARLES J. WOOD
MAKER OF CLOTHES OF TO-DAY

CHARLES J. WOOD
MAKER OF CLOTHES OF TO-DAY

"ON THE SQUARE."

**Ash Sifters
Ash Barrels
Coal Hods**

A. P. WENDELL & CO.,
2 Market Square.
PORTSMOUTH, N. H.

HOTTER THAN SUNSHINE
IS OUR COAL—LAY IN YOUR WINTER'S SUPPLY NOW
PRICES ARE DOWN AND QUALITY IS UP

THE CONSOLIDATION COAL CO.,
Phones 23-33-39, CHAS. W. GRAY, Mgr.

Portsmouth Theatre

MONDAY - TUESDAY - WEDNESDAY
DECEMBER 9, 10, 11.

Smith & Tyler, Singing, Talking, Dancing
Caruso, Violinist Unexcelled

DICK HENDERSON

A clever baritone, will make his bow in Pictorial Songs in Portsmouth.

Five Reels Best Pictures Five Reels

Matinee 2.15, Evening 7 Sharp, Excepting Saturday Performance
Starts Promptly at 6.45.

Same Little Price, 10 Cents

A Few Reserved Seats, 20 Cents

The Portsmouth Herald

Established September 3, 1884.

Published every evening, Sundays and holidays excepted, by The Herald Publishing Company.

TERMS:—\$4.00 a year when paid in advance; 50 cents a month; 2 cents per copy, delivered in any part of the city or sent by mail.

Communications should be addressed to F. W. Hartford, Editor.

TELEPHONES

Editorial28 | Business37

Advertising rates reasonable and made known upon application.

Entered at the Portsmouth, N. H., post office as second-class mail matter.

FOR PORTSMOUTH AND PORTSMOUTH'S INTERESTS.



Portsmouth, N. H., Monday, December 9, 1912.

Newspaper Publicity.

There are some queries that used to be raised in the public mind that are now silenced because time and experience have given a complete answer that cannot be contradicted or overcome. There was a time in this country, not so very many years ago, for instance, when the question was sincerely raised as to whether life insurance was a wise investment. Nobody asks that any longer. It has been answered so conclusively in a thousand cases that no one thinks of it as a debatable subject today.

It is the same way with advertising. There was a time when merchants and manufacturers, and anybody who had anything to sell, would ponder as to whether it was the proper and advisable thing for them to use the newspapers and printers' ink in letting the world know that they wanted to dispose of their goods. The overwhelming verdict of the last twenty-five years especially, as to the necessity and value of using newspapers as mediums of information, has been such that no really intelligent citizen at this stage of the game thinks of raising such a query as "Does advertising pay?" Live business firms that do any volume of business use the newspaper. They know that for every dollar that is expended the returns, in a wider publicity that must inevitably lead to larger sales, are many fold.

Intelligent, persistent, broad-minded and well-supported advertising has no better illustration of its power and cash value than that shown by a soap company in Cincinnati, which has done much to make that old town famous. For a long period this company has paid handsome dividends and rolled up a surplus extremely gratifying to its shareholders. Now the dividend rate upon its common stock is to be raised from 12 per cent. to 16 per cent. a year. Its stockholders are to receive also a stock dividend equivalent to about 4 per cent. At the same time the company is authorized to issue a large amount of additional stock under such circumstances as its directors may deem advisable.

This great and long-continued prosperity of a corporation which has done business on a wide-open field, against the most strenuous competition, and without any advantages or favors contrary to law or ethics, can be attributed primarily to one great factor in business success. That factor is wise and constant advertising.

The goods that this company has sold by advertising that has been attractive and up to date in its style, appearance and statement, have been of such quality that they have held the confidence of those who have used them, and the favor of many more who are still being induced to buy them. It must always be remembered that there are two ends to advertising if success is to be attained. This soap company has made good in its merchandise as well as in its splendid and persistent campaign of publicity because it has constantly had in mind two classes to whom it appeals. Not only has it been reaching out for the possible customer, but it has been equally solicitous to retain the customer already gained.

This is the foundation upon which all marked success in advertising must depend. The newspaper is a live wire in bringing the attention of the public to the goods that any firm has for sale. Publicity can nowhere else be gained so quickly, surely and effectively. When advertising is backed constantly by the right kind of goods, and attention is paid to the particular wants of each customer, there need be no fear or question as to the results.

Advertising pays whenever and wherever it is done by an intelligent advertiser, who has the goods to deliver, and delivers them in the right way.—Manchester Mirror.

The voters of this city will be called upon Tuesday to express an opinion as to whom they want to run the affairs of the city for the year 1913. All parties have selected strong men to their ticket and all have been working hard for the success of each, but with a freedom from any malice or bitter feeling. The republican party has selected for the head of its ticket a man who needs no introduction to the people of this city. Col. John Pender has been before the people of this city in various offices for many years, all of which he has filled with a credit to himself and the city or state. All the other members of the ticket are chosen with the same care and all are strong men. There is no good reason why any republican who desires to support his party should not vote the straight republican ticket. There is one thing above all others that should be remembered and that is the obligation on every voter to exercise his right. If he does there is no doubt but the interest of the city will be taken care of.

The Pittsburgh Chronicle-Telegraph tersely remarks that a month hence it will be all over but getting other things in exchange for the duplicates.

Our citizens should bear in mind that every little helps when it comes to the purchase of Red Cross Christmas seals.

Mrs. Martin W. Littleton Has Forces Lined Up For Fight In Congress For Purchase of Monticello.



Photos by American Press Association.

The wife of the New York representative, fortified with petitions from all over the country, is about to press her campaign in behalf of a resolution providing a congressional inquiry into the feasibility of the purchase of Monticello, once Thomas Jefferson's home, by the government. Representative Henry of Texas, chairman of the rules committee, is ready to introduce in the house a special resolution providing for immediate consideration of the Monticello resolution. It is thought more than probable that Representative Jefferson M. Levy of New York, who owns Monticello, has no desire to sell and has been much disturbed by Mrs. Littleton's propaganda and may be heard in the debate. The illustrations show Mrs. Littleton, Mr. Levy, Monticello and the grave of Jefferson on the grounds.

WARD 3 WILL SEND EXPERIENCED MEN

William H. Moran and Stanton M. Trueman Have Had Experience.

Ward 3 will as usual send two demonstrators to the state legislature. William H. Moran, who ran at the head of the ticket on election day, goes to the legislature with the previous experience of two terms in the lower body, while Stanton M. Trueman, his brother representative, has had considerable training in municipal government.

Mr. Moran, who for a score of years has been prominent in political affairs of the democratic party, was born in Lynn, Mass., Aug. 10, 1867, the son of Thomas and Rosa Moran. He was educated in the public and high schools of his native city. Upon his graduation from the latter institution, he apprenticed at the popular trade in Lynn of shoemaking.

He came to this city twenty years ago as foreman of the stock room of the successful Portsmouth Shoe company, an organization famed for the high salaries paid to its employees. He remained as head of the stock room until his retirement was prompted by the opportunities to occupy municipal offices.

Mr. Moran has been a moderator in ward 3 for fifteen years. He served as city messenger two years, was assistant city clerk for one term and was city clerk under the administration of Mayor William E. Marvin. He is at

present a ball commissioner. He was a member of the legislatures of 1893 and 1895 and of the last constitutional convention.

Mr. Moran is a past exalted ruler of Portsmouth lodge, B. F. O. E., and a past chief ranger of Court Rockingham, F. of A. He married Miss Mary Lynch and has a daughter, Miss Gertrude Moran.

Stanton M. Trueman is a native of Hubbards, N. S. He is the son of Albert and Caroline (Jolliman) Trueman. Mr. Trueman was educated in the district schools of the province. He came

to this city when a young man and apprenticed as a cooper in the Frank Jones Brewing company when the late John Fritzel was at the head of the cooperage department. He was employed at the cooper shop about twenty-five years.

Mr. Trueman served two terms in the old common council, a term in the old board of aldermen, and has served a term in the present council under the new charter. He is a secretary and a past grand of New Hampshire lodge, I. O. O. F., a past district deputy of Strawberry Bank encampment; a

POLITICAL ADVERTISEMENT POLITICAL ADVERTISEMENT

Mr. Voter:

You know the candidate of the Republican Party. He has lived among you for 60 years. He has a spotless record. He will give Portsmouth a Clean and Honest Administration. No Republican has any reason in this campaign in voting for any Democrat. Don't Be a traitor to your party!



JOHN PENDER.

FRANK F. NEWICK,
Secretary Republican City Committee.



Our Christmas Display includes the very last word in Men's Furnishings. If you have a present in mind for your "men folks," come and see our stock of Shirts, Ties, Gloves and Handkerchiefs. Everything of the Best Quality, Moderately Priced. Buy your Christmas Gifts here and you'll give something that is serviceable and lasting.

ROOT, The Hatter

4 Market Street

FOR SALE

Winter Street—Seven room house near State street and Goodwin Park, excellent location. Price \$2400; easy terms if desired.

Richards Avenue—Six room house with bath, furnace, electric lights, set tubs, hardwood floors; price \$3000.

Union Street—Lot 48x160 with large stable on it, enough lumber in it for a house.

Brick House in central location, 16 rooms, 2 baths, steam heat, gas, brick stable and garage, an unusual opportunity for a good party.

BUTLER & MARSHALL,
Exclusive Agents,
5 Market St.

Granite State

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF PORTSMOUTH, N. H.

Paid Up Capital \$200,000

OFFICERS:—Calvin Page, President; Joseph O. Hobbs, Vice President; Alfred P. Howard, Secretary; Jean W. Emery, Asst. Secretary.

Skates Sharpened

Ice has not come but you will need your skates soon. Better get ready now.

Sewing Machines, Cash Registers and Typewriters Repaired.

Lock and Gunsmith
C. R. PEARSON
Haven Court. Tel. 819M.

Trafton's Forge PLANT

Shipsmiths' Work, Horse Shoeing
All Kinds of Repair Work.

GEORGE A. TRAFTON.

DR. S. F. GRIFFIN, Dentist
NEW BANK BUILDING,
Pleasant Street,
Rooms 17-18.
OFFICE HOURS, 9 to 12 a. m.
4 to 8 p. m.

F. S. TOWLE, M.D.
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
350 State St., Portsmouth, N. H.
Office Hours
From 9 a. m. to 4 p. m., 7 to 9 p.

THE MOST LIBERAL LIFE AND ENDOWMENT POLICIES ARE ISSUED BY

THE TRAVELERS' INSURANCE CO.

OF HARTFORD, CONN.
It is one of the oldest and strongest companies writing life insurance.

C. E. TRAFTON,
District Agent, Portsmouth, N. H.

DR. JULIA J. CHASE
Osteopathic Physician
Graduate of American School of Osteopathy under the founder of the and Facial Massage a Specialty.
CHIROPODY.
Room 6, Globe Building. Phone 42.
PORTSMOUTH, N. H.

MRS. IDA A. NELSON
(Successor to Minnie E. Burnham)
Shampooing, Electrical Treatment, Scalp Hair Dressing and Manicure (Parlors Solonco, A. T. Still).
31 Market St. Telephone 588
Portsmouth, N. H.

RECEIVED 13,000 VOLTS AND STILL LIVES

Gerald Lynes Horribly Burned on High Power Towers--Received Full Voltage for Several Minutes.

Gerald Lynes, the 16 year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Jeremiah Lynes of Islington street, met with a horrible accident on Sunday afternoon, which left him in a maimed and helpless condition at the Portsmouth hospital, and with a very small hope for his recovery.

Young Lynes with his cousin Marcellous Cassidy a boy about his age, were taking a Sunday afternoon walk along the tracks of the Portsmouth and Manchester railroad. They were amusing themselves in boy fashion and were doing stunts. At the Bragdon farm where the high tension wires of the Rockingham County Light and Power company, cross the tracks of the railroad on two high iron towers, where formerly the wires ran under the tracks. These wires

carry in one set 13,000 volts and in another 7200 volts.

The two boys stumbled each other to climb the tower and in a few minutes they were going up. They climbed up to the top where the wires run on the cross arms with Lynes leading. They were seen by people on the Bragdon farm but were taken for linemen and no attention was paid to them.

In some way not yet explained young Lynes came in contact with the high tension wires carrying the 13,000 volts, and when he did there was a flash of fire and an agonizing cry from young Lynes followed by a call for help by young Cassidy.

The flash of the fire as the terrible juice burned the young man was seen by Elaine Bragdon the ten year-old

daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Bragdon and she immediately ran to the house and notified her father. Mr. Bragdon sent his foreman and Arthur Remick who was visiting him to the scene and he immediately telephoned the power plant to shut off the power and he then joined the other men who ran down across the field to the towers.

When they arrived they found the unfortunate young man hanging by his right heel from the pole about thirty feet from the ground. It seems that when he was struck by the shock he fell and in falling the heel of his right foot caught and became jammed in a cleft carrying a telephone wire and he hung there suspended. Mr. Bragdon's foreman, without regard to his own danger, climbed the tower and tried to cut the boy but he was unable to lift him out of his position and it was necessary to get a fall and tackle from the farm and hoist him up and release his foot and then lower him to the ground.

Willing hands carried him tenderly to the home of Mr. Bragdon and the ambulance and a physician was sent for. The lad never for a minute lost consciousness, but bore his suffering with great courage. At times it became so great however, that his mind would wander.

At the Bragdon farm everything was done that could relieve his suffering until the arrival of the ambulance and he was then taken to the Portsmouth hospital. Here Drs. Tawley, Heffenger and Hannaford gave him every medical attention. They found that the lad was horribly burned. His right arm had been burned off at the wrist but the effects of the burn extended to the shoulder, so that it was necessary to amputate as near the shoulder as possible. In addition there was a burn on his neck which came within a hair of the wind pipe, his left knee was burned to the bone and badly lacerated, his left hand burned to the bone, while his left foot where the juice went through him was burned badly. In fact everywhere where the boys body touched, he was burned. The attending physicians hold out very little hopes for his living the night out. At midnight he was still alive but in a very critical condition.

Electrical experts are at a loss to understand why the lad was not killed instantly. They can not find any reason why this great voltage was not instant death, for one official of the company claims that once the boy got the force of that voltage he would be unable to get loose until the power was shut off and they claim that he must have hung on the wires until the power was shut off and he then dropped into the position he was found in by the people from Mr. Bragdon's. It is possible that the insulation on the wires may have helped some, but the fine constitution of the boy combined with his youth is considered the only reason why he was not killed outright. He must have been hanging on the wires with the deadly juice going through his body for at least ten minutes before the power was shut off.

If you want to vote for an efficient and honest public servant, vote for James W. Barrett for member of the Board of Public Works. Political Ad.

THE HERALD LEADS

Portsmouth's Clean, Progressive Paper Prints the News Without Fear or Favor

Every man, woman and child in Portsmouth should read The Herald every day. It is the clean, progressive paper of Portsmouth. It stands for progress and has for years made the battlecry "Shout for Portsmouth." It has fought for the growth of the navy yard and has expended time and money in seeing to it that Portsmouth has been treated fairly in the distribution of work.

No citizen can show his interest in these things in any better way than by joining The Herald's list of regular subscribers. Telephone your order to No. 37 and have the paper delivered at your home every afternoon by one of the regular carriers. Do it today. The Herald prints more local news than all the other papers combined. Don't be behind your neighbor, but join the Roosters by reading The Herald.

PORTSMOUTH THEATRE PROGRAMME

Program for Monday and Tuesday.

The Old Reporter--Edison.
The old order changes and after thirty years with a paper the reporter loses his position. Clever work on a great theft in an art gallery in which he finds the clue himself, wins him back his old desk.

Song--Mr. Dick Henderson.
Locked Out--Lubin.

His Father's Choice--Lubin.
These are two funny pictures on the same reel.

Act--Caruso, Violinist,
Pathe Weekly, No. 48.

Giving all of the latest happenings of the day, including some interesting scenes of the Balkan War.

Act--Smith and Tyler--Singing
Talking and Dancing.

The Spendthrifts Reform--Pathe.
An American drama. How a gamblers heart was touched and he quits the game forever.

Song--Mr. Dick Henderson.
Fixing a Flirt--Lubin.

How he invites a girl to dinner and did not have the price to pay for what she ate.

PERSONALS

T. L. Hussey of Boston was here today.

Dr. H. F. Thompson of Hampton was a visitor here today.

B. H. Knight of Brunswick, Me., was a visitor here on Sunday.

Charles E. Woods is making a weeks auto trip to New York.

Greenleaf K. Bartlett a well known lawyer of Derry was here today.

Charles H. Colbeth today reaches another milestone in life's journey.

Horace Cobb is restricted to his home on Deer street by a severe cold.

Miss Eleanor Butler of State street is visiting her brother in New Haven, Conn.

Miss Christine Baker is the guest of her aunt, Mrs. E. W. Harrison, in Lewiston, Me.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward T. Clarkson of Lynn, Mass., passed the week-end with relatives in this city.

Ex Alderman John Newick is today quietly observing another anniversary of his birth.

Judge Harry Shute of Exeter was here today in attendance at the session of the superior court.

State Agent Howard O. Nelson of New Hampshire S. P. C. A., is a Farmington today on business.

Robert M. Morton of Boston, President of the Isles of Shoals Cable Co., was here on Sunday and visited the Islands on business connected with the company.

BOYS STEAL GRIP

Boiler Inspector Harris of Port-

POLITICAL ADVERTISEMENT.

A question is today before the voters of Portsmouth which interests the women as well as the men.

In spite of what may be said to the contrary, every intelligent citizen knows that the conditions in this city are far from right. Unlicensed evils are permitted to continue unchecked and our city's reputation is the jest of our neighbors, near and far.

Party lines are obliterated and partisanship is buried by the moral issues of this present campaign. Whoever may be their political allegiance, whatever their religious faith, the citizens of Portsmouth should desire the enforcement of our laws. They should forget party lines and vote for the man who will make Portsmouth a cleaner and better place for our sons and daughters to grow up in.

We have no vote. May we depend upon the fathers of Portsmouth's boys and girls to vote Tuesday as the mothers would wish them to do?

CIVIC ASSOCIATION,
MARTHA S. KIMBALL, Pres.

he 49 11

land who was here on Saturday reported to the police that his grip had disappeared from one of the south end docks while he was engaged in some work. Officer Carleton went out on the case and in a short time arrested two small boys who admitted that they had taken the property of the inspector. The grip was later found in a woodshed.

LOCAL BRIEFS.

Many sensational stories are afloat as to what is to occur on Tuesday.

After the delightful weather we have been enjoying, the cold air of today feels unusually cutting.

Cars to rent. Automobile supplies. Auto repairs. Boat work. Telephone 32, Edwards & Dickey.

The police are receiving their final instructions for Tuesday's election duty.

Don't fail to hear the celebrated violinist at Portsmouth theatre this evening. You will enjoy a rich treat.

Robsters and fish of all kinds caught by our own boats fresh every day. E. Jameson and Sons, Tel. 653.

On all sides are heard expressions of sympathy for Mr. and Mrs. Jere Lyons on account of the terrible accident that befell their only son on Sunday.

Do you know that Edwards & Dickey are equipped to do general machine work? Inspect their plant on Vaughan street.

Typewriters, cash registers, sewing machines, umbrellas, locks and guns repaired, saw filing and grinding at Horne & Lomas, 33 Daniel street, Tel. 476M.

Hear Sperry Locke, Progressive candidate for Mayor, on Market square, Monday evening. He will give you something to think over. If stormy at Freeman's upper hall. Political Ad.

ANOTHER RALLY

Democrats in Ward Three Have
Another Love Feast Tonight

The Democrats of Ward Three are to have another rally tonight and say they are going to have a big time.

The Blue and Drum Corps will be on hand to furnish music, and there will be lots of red fire, a good lunch and plenty of local speakers. Everybody is welcome.

NOTICE

Osgood Lodge No. 48, I. O. O. F., Special train for East Lynn, Mass., Tuesday evening, Dec. 10, leaves at 1:30. Members intending to go please meet at I. O. O. F. Hall at 6:15. Regatta.

Per Order, N. H. MASON,
Noble Grand.

CHAS. H. KETCHUM,
Rec. Secretary.

C. H. Sat. Mon.

Shout for Portsmouth and help build it at home and abroad.

he 49 11

SIEGEL'S STORE, 57 MARKET ST.,

The Store of Quality for the People.

The Great Bankrupt Stock

OF ROSENTHAL BROS. & CO. OF NEW YORK, CONSISTING OF

Coats, Suits, Dresses, Gowns, Furs, &c.,
Now On Sale.

Some 1-4 Less, Some 1-3 Less, Some 1-2 Less
Their Real Value.

We want to turn this great stock into cash in the shortest possible time. A word to the wise is sufficient.

SIEGEL'S STORE, ENTIRE BUILDING
57 MARKET STREET.

BIG SHIPMENTS

Never before in the history of Portsmouth for the month of November have so many barrels of apples been shipped as during the month just closed. The total value of all the exports was \$250,058 and of this, \$144,219 was credited to apples. There were in all 18,073 barrels sent away on five steamers.

The month of December promises to be even larger than November. Not only will there be special steamers with apples to swell the totals, but there will be many of the regular liners, for all of them are now shipping freight.

for the violation of his first-class and third-class licenses in selling liquor to minors. A hearing will be given in the case at the commissioners' office on Saturday, Dec. 14, at 1 o'clock.

FINE PIECE OF WORK.

A handsome coat or arms carrying the photo of B. Frank Gardner adorns the window of Lecky's cigar store.

The work was done at Nagasaki, Japan, for Mr. Gardner in his trip around the world and he has reason to feel proud of this armorial bearing.

ELIOT MAN SECRETARY.

Joseph H. Dixon of Eliot, was elected secretary of the Adversary of the recent conference held in Hildesford.

WANTED--Middle aged or elderly woman for housework in small family. A. H. Spinney, 120 Myrtle ave. h d9 1v

Be sure and see the thirty little children in "Tom Thumb Wedding" at I. O. O. F. hall Monday evening, Dec. 9, next. Admission 15c. h d9 3t

A. J. LANCE, M. D.

Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat

CONGRESS ST., PORTSMOUTH, N. H.

Hours, 9:30 to 7:30 to 4

Clement G. Clark.

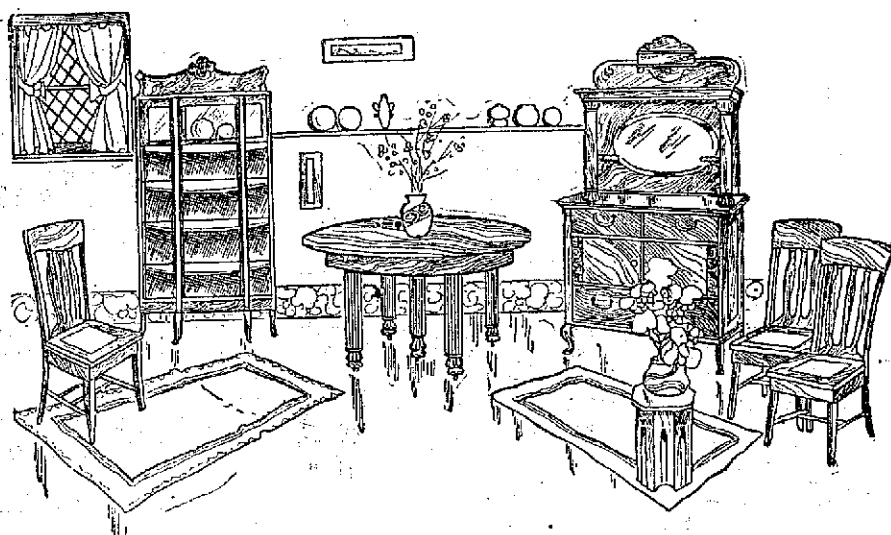
The funeral of Clement G. Clark was held from Ham's chapel today at 3 o'clock. Rev. E. P. Moulton officiating. Interment was in South cemetery in charge of Undertaker O. W. Ham.

SELLING TO MINORS.

A complaint has been filed with the license commissioners against Harley Potter of the Hotel Potter at Dover,

HENRY PEYSER & SON "TOGS OF THE PERIOD."

FOR THE HOLIDAYS DINING ROOM FURNITURE AT D. H. MCINTOSH'S



A very large and well selected assortment at Medium Prices.

Electrical Christmas

There are many holiday gifts to be found in

ELECTRICAL WARE

especially in household devices

Rockingham County Light & Power Company
Office, 29 Pleasant Street, Portsmouth, N. H.

MANY HOLIDAY GIFTS

Geo. B. French Co.

THE STORE OF QUALITY

GIFTS OF WORTH



Christmas is fast approaching.

Bring in your list and fill it at this store.

Hundreds of useful presents displayed in cases and various parts of the store.

Gifts for Men, Women and Children.

Our Toy Department will afford greater amusement for the children this year than ever before. All the latest Toys from Germany. Our own importations.

CHRISTMAS, WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 25th.

Special Showing of Handkerchiefs--A great collection of American and European Handkerchiefs. A useful present at small cost.

The Finest Line of Inexpensive Jewelry we have ever shown. New Novelties, sets, Perfumes and Powders of all kinds.

OUR CLOAK DEPARTMENT.

Showing of New Lawn and Tailored Waists, Chiffon Waists, Dresses, Sweaters, Rain Coats and Rain Capes for Children, Dressing Sacks and Bath Robes, Petticoats of all kinds, Shawls, Kimonos, Etc.

FURS--Fur Muffs, Scarfs and Sets.

Hundreds of Xmas Books for young and old.

Plenty of 25c and 40c Books, as well as all the latest fiction.

Exceptional values in Umbrellas and Leather Goods.

Coat Sets, Jabots and Ties of all colors.

Gloves and Hosiery for Men and Women.

Wonderful Holiday Stocks of Women's Neckwear.

All sorts of handsome Collars.

Beautiful Neckwear in boxes at 25c and 50c.

Dainty Gifts to be found in Art Goods Department.

China Department offers some very attractive gifts in Sets, Fancy Plates, Bricks-a-Brac and Cut Glass.

Do your shopping early. Avoid the rush and delays that are always sure to occur if you wait until the last minute.

MRS. CURTIS OF MANCHESTER IS A DE LUXE VICTIM

Said to Have Lost About \$30,000—
Other N. H. Women Effected.

Not only de luxe books, but "anti-que" furniture, "old crockery and fake paintings and tapestry were used as bait by the agents who have victimized scores of New England people during the last few years, it was revealed Saturday.

The investigation developed the fact that Manchester, N. H., was a favorite city with the agents. It became known that Miss Mary Alice Watts, a wealthy blind woman of No. 517 Beach street, Manchester, and Mrs. Delana B. Curtis, who was awarded \$140,000 in a suit against the estate of Frank Jones, the millionaire brewer, were victimized to the tune of \$30,000 and \$50,000 respectively.

She Paid Thousands
Mrs. Moody-Currier, widow of an

ing conducted throughout the country into the trade in other fraudulent articles.

Each new revelation tells some new story of the audacity of the agents and the cleverness with which they played upon the weaknesses of their dupes. The tales of Wallingford pale into insignificance by comparison.

It has become known that the de luxe men were not only organized nationally, but internationally. Just as mediums are said to keep a "blue book" with a list of susceptible persons, so these men are alleged to have traded information and to have bought and sold lists of rich persons in different cities who might be expected to be easy victims.

In some cases it is said these lists contained besides the name of the potential victim, a hint as to the best means by which to "approach" him or her. Something of the kind is evident from the uncanny way in which the agents found their dupes' weakness in so many cases.

SIGNING UP THE DESERT.

How the Automobile Club of Southern California, in Conjunction With the State Authorities Will Provide a Safe Pathway Where Danger Has Hitherto Been Ever Present.

After many months of planning and preparation, the Automobile Club of Southern California, in conjunction with the State authorities, has begun the work of making clearly defined pathways through such sections of the desert lands of the state as motorists are likely to traverse. This will consist of so placing adequate signs every five miles that the automobilist will at all times know just where and how to travel.

At present, there are 2,870 miles of desert roads in the Counties of Kern, Inyo, San Bernardino, Riverside, Imperial, San Diego and Los Angeles. The deserts which these roads traverse are the Mojave, Death Valley, Chukawalla and Imperial. The latter should not be confounded with the fertile and prosperous Imperial Valley.

Henceforth, in all these sections of desert country there have only been some fifty signs for motorists, these principally in San Bernardino County. Few of these signs are of any value to the motorist today, for the somewhat unusual reason that they have been used as targets by various persons passing, and have been so "shot up" as to be almost unrecognizable.

The purpose of the new signs is not only to direct the motorist along the right road but to tell him where he can find nearby springs and water holes, directions as to locating these being explicit.

These signs will be 18 inches square, of No. 16 gauge galvanized annealed steel, set crosswise on 2 1/2 inch rounded steel galvanized hollow posts. Each post will be anchored with a cross of the same material as the pole itself.

The desert, contrary to what many persons suppose, is by no means a level country. There are many miles of lava buttes and granite mountains, the ways among which are devious and almost impossible to thread if one is not informed as to the right road.

In passing through the desert the motorist, it has been found, faces danger and death at every turn if he has not equipped his car with an adequate warning signal. There have been so many accidents due to the inefficiency of the bulb horn that the various motoring organizations have seen to it that their members are warned of the danger of using anything but a high powered electric horn. There are many points where it is impossible for two cars to pass, and sharp turns are frequent in just such sections.

Mr. O. K. Parker, engineer of the Automobile Club of Southern California, said regarding this matter: "I have traveled over 29,000 miles over these desert roads and through the canyons of the mountains of California and I could like to warn all motorists against placing any dependence upon the bulb horn. It is useless in either city or country, but a man takes his life in his hands who depends upon it in any way in this country about which we have been speaking."

It will take the better part of a year to accomplish the task of signing the desert, but the work is to be prosecuted vigorously and is part of the whole system of effort to make motoring in California as pleasant and free from danger as possible.

NURSES WANT CLUB.

Movement to Organize for the Benefit of Profession and Social Intercourse.

A movement is on foot for the formation of a Nurse's Club in this city to be composed of women of this profession in Portsmouth and surrounding towns. The plan is to have regular meetings at which medical men and experts in the art of nursing will every month address the members of the organization on matters pertaining to the advancement of the profession. Besides this the association, if perfected, will indulge in social gatherings and entertainments of various nature, private and public from time to time.

It is believed that such a move will be just as successful in Portsmouth as in other cities.

Members of the last legislature are arranging for a reunion of the old members on the first day of the incoming legislature. John August Hilt, former representative from Ward One, has charge of the local arrangements.

HOME RULE FOR CITY AND TOWN

Prof. Charles Zueblin Tells of Government by Commission

Tells Pilgrim Publicity Association That New England's Railroad and Steamship Lines Should Be Run As a Unit.

The address of Prof. Charles Zueblin before the Pilgrim Publicity Association at the American House, Boston, the other evening was so out of the ordinary and so timely that The Herald is pleased to print it in full. He had the courage to say that he believed that the railroad and steamship lines of New England should be run as a unit and through a centralization of power. His address was as follows:

One of the greatest handicaps to government in America is the indecisiveness of the political units. Industry and commerce know no such bounds, and the public is always at a disadvantage in dealing with freer private corporations. If the political boundaries cannot be readily altered, then new political organizations should be created from time to time to meet new exigencies. New York and New Jersey cooperate in protecting the palisades of the Hudson. Chicago and its neighboring communities have a new municipality to deal with sundry questions. Boston has its metropolitan district. These are all forms of home rule.

We believe in home rule for Ireland. Why not home rule for Massachusetts? Home rule for New England? The Massachusetts legislature voted in favor of a constitutional amendment giving the people the right to choose United States senators, but it left it with the necessity of delegating that function to the legislature again this year. Massachusetts does not have complete home rule, and the United States does not have complete home rule, so long as the affairs of one governmental body are neglected by the interference of another. The United States does not enjoy home rule in national affairs while the states continue to pass contradictory laws about transportation, commerce and industry, when these have no relation to state boundaries.

If it is well to have home rule in the United States and in Massachusetts, why not in our communities? The integrity of forty municipalities in the Boston district is very precious to those places and accounts for much of the inefficiency in the local government. Without interfering in any way with the local governments in local matters, to need a metropolitan commission to care for metropolitan affairs. We shall never suppress the bogie of annexation until we get self government for all of this district and prove that it is better than being merged into Boston. We should not have home rule if we become a part of Boston, and we do not now have home rule when the state

land, or, as the organization was sometimes called, the New England Confederacy, was effected to deal with problems for which the colonial unit of government was inadequate. The colonies of Massachusetts, Plymouth, Connecticut and New Haven formed a federation governed by two representatives from each of the colonies, chosen annually by the general court of each. This body met at the capital of each colony in turn, except that two years out of every five they met in Boston. The commissioners chose their president at each meeting, like the commissioners governed cities of today, who was given the authority only of a presiding officer. The agreement of these commissioners was necessary to pass any measure, but when there was no such majority the measure might be referred to the general court of the colonies, and if all of them approved it became a law of the confederacy.

There could hardly be a happier precedent for meeting the needs of today. A New England Federation, made up of two commissioners from each state, one elected by each branch of the general court, or, if it be considered simpler, both appointed by the governor, and given authority over all strictly interstate resources and utilities, would be available in dealing with the present transportation crisis, and a multiplicity of other issues arising from year to year. Thus we might establish in New England a standard for other communities and states and for the nation at large, of home rule for each logical geographical area in the affairs pertaining strictly to that area.

MELLEN ASKS TO BE HEARD

(Continued From Page One.)

ans, Norman H. White of Brookline, the man who fought the New Haven road so hard during his legislative career, has signified his intention of attending and telling what he knows. Frederick J. Macleod, chairman of the railroad commission, will represent Governor Foss, while Governor Bass of New Hampshire will send James Bolland, chairman of the New Hampshire Railroad commission, as spokesman.

Mayor O'Connell of Worcester has sent word that his city will send Herbert N. Davidson to the hearing. George H. Holmes, president of the New England Manufacturing Jewelers' association, will present the views of his organization.

How the Grand Trunk road failed to go to the assistance of the State of Rhode Island and lease the docks which the state had built for it and the state lost several hundred thousand dollars, will be told by Samuel R. Conant, chairman of the Rhode Island Harbor commission.

Congressman O'Shaunessy said: "I received 40 odd letters today urging me to press my resolution for a special committee to make the investigation."

Mr. O'Shaunessy thinks his resolution will pass and that the investigation will be made.

County Commissioner William A. Hedgdon, today reaches another milestone in life's journey.



WHEN New York STOP AT THE NEW FIRE-PROOF NAVARRE
Seventh Ave. & 88th Street.
BUSINESS MEN FAMILIES TOURISTS
Maximum of Luxury at Minimum of Cost.

Moccasins

Largest Assortment
Best Quality

For Hunting, House and Outdoor Use.

Prices from \$1.25 to \$6.00

WEAR AND COMFORT ASSURED.

Our stock of shoemakers' supplies, also Polishes, Innersoles, Archers and Leather is large.

Our Shoe Repair Department gets out work in first-class manner at short notice.

CHARLES W. GREENE,
8 Congress Street.

Work Made Easy

With an Enterprise Food Chopper

WEATHER STRIPS
ASH CANS

GET AN
ACME ASH SIFTER
NO DUST.

For Sale by

W. S. JACKSON

111 Market Street.

Tel. 328-5

7-20-4

10c Cigar

Packed in boxes of 25 for the holidays.

An appropriate gift for a gentleman.

R. G. SULLIVAN,
FACTORY
Manchester, N. H.

H. W. NICKERSON

Undertaker and
Licensed Embalmer

Office 5 Daniel St., Portsmouth
Residence 45 Islington St.

Telephone at Office and Residence.

The Winter Breakfast

Which Includes

Grape-Nuts

and Cream

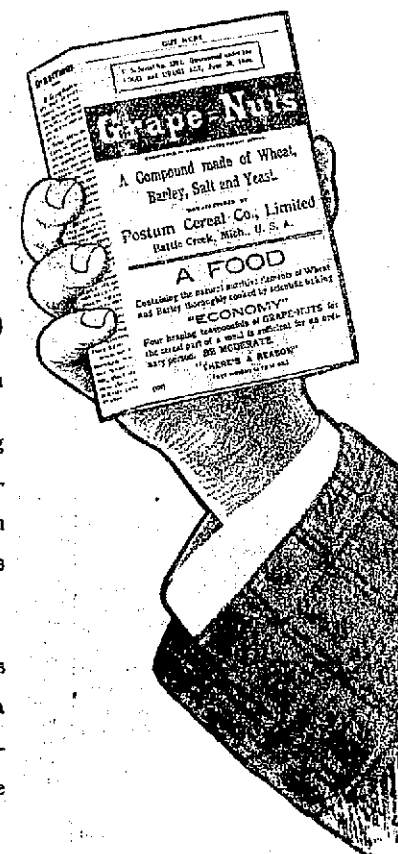
Will have one dish that has both engaging flavour and true nourishment—the strength-giving, life-sustaining factors which exist in wheat and barley, stored there by Summer's sun for Winter's comfort.

AND REMEMBER—Grape-Nuts food is more than "something good to eat." It is a brain and body builder—rich in the vital phosphates so essential to the daily rebuilding of the tissue cells of Brain and Nerves.

Grape-Nuts carries in most digestible form the food elements that make muscle, vigor and nerve.

"There's a Reason" for Grape-Nuts

Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., Pure Food Factories, Battle Creek, Mich.



THE WHITE STORE.

"The Store of New Merchandise."

Sale in Children's Coats

200 Sample Coats have been sent to our store from a New York manufacturer to be sold at wholesale prices, as an advertisement for our store.

Coats worth \$3.00 for	\$1.75
Coats worth \$4.00 for	\$2.50
Coats worth \$5.00 for	\$3.50
Coats worth \$7.00 for	\$4.25
Coats worth \$8.00 for	\$4.50
Coats worth \$8.50 for	\$5.00
Coats worth \$10.00 for	\$6.00

You surely must see and inspect these special values. It means a saving to you.

THE WHITE STORE

FREE ALTERATIONS. A. S. DEN, MGR. Tel. 222-W
60 Market Street, next 5 & 10c Store.



AUTOMOBILES STANDARD OF THE WORLD.

There isn't a better car in material or workmanship built. Cadillacs use the best money can buy, and has proved the most reliable and satisfactory car built.

1913 Cadillac is the most up-to-date car built, the best starter, the best lighting system, the best ignition, the best oiler, the best cooling system, the best cone clutch. You will note we say best which means better than the other fellow uses. As good a transmission, cyles, wheels and brakes as any car uses. The brakes are very efficient. The starter will do the work under any condition, or weather; let it stand for months at a time and the starter will start it.

Top, shield, speedometer, gasoline gauge, foot and robe rails, demountable rims, 4 1/2 inch tires, 120 inch wheelbase, platform springs, tools, repair kit and power tire pump, delivered \$2035.00. Strictly high grade. Can you beat it?

CHAS. E. WOODS, BOW ST., PORTSMOUTH, N. H.
Agent for Rockingham, Strafford and York Counties.

THE BEST LIQUORS DISTILLED

can be purchased right here
in Portsmouth at prices
as low as anywhere
in New England

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC WINES AND ALL
KINDS OF BOTTLED LIQUORS

75c TO \$1.75

BOTTLED LAGER by the case
QUART
BOTTLED ALES by the case

258 Market Street
JOSEPH SACCO
Wholesaler
Retailer

THE COMPANY WITH THE PYRAMID

42 CONSECUTIVE YEARS OF PYRAMIDAL PROGRESS

NEW HAMPSHIRE FIRE INSURANCE CO.

Capital \$1,000,000.00
Reserve \$1,000,000.00
Total Assets \$2,000,000.00

TOTAL LIABILITIES \$2,496,304.53
POLICYHOLDERS SURPLUS \$3,223,504.81

CEMETERY LOTS

CARED FOR AND TURFING DONE

With increased facilities the subscribers again are prepared to take charge of and keep in order such lots in any of the cemeteries of the city as may be entrusted to their care. They will also give careful attention to the turfing and grading of them, to the cleaning of monuments and head stones, and the removal of bodies. In addition to work at the cemeteries they will do turfing and grading in the city on short notice.

Cemetery lots for sale; also Lawn and Turf.

Orders left at residence, corner of Richards avenue and South street, or by mail with Oliver W. Ham, 84 Market street, will be given prompt attention.

M. J. GRIFFIN & SON.

John Sise & Co.,

FIRE INSURANCE

No. 3 Market Sq.,
PORTSMOUTH, N. H.

DECORATIONS

For Weddings and Flowers
Furnished for All Occasions
Funeral Designs a Specialty

R. CAPSTICK
Rogers Street.

BOOK BINDING

Of Every Description

Blank Books Made to Order

J. D. RANDALL

Over Beane's Store, Congress Street

MARBLE AND GRANITE

Tablets, Monuments
Mausoleums
OF ALL DESIGNS

My plant contains an Air Compressor, Pneumatic Tools for Lettering and Carving. Polishing Machines all run by electric power. The only plant in this section with modern appliances.

FRED C. SMALLEY
3 Water St. Portsmouth

Your Laundry Work

placed at hand is productive of much annoyance and little satisfaction. Send it to the

Central Steam Laundry,
61 State St.

It will not be damaged. It will be delivered promptly and will be there.

Telephone 598-441
W. G. WIGGIN, PRO.

GOVERNORS WILL ATTEND CONGRESSIONAL INVESTIGATION

Washington, Dec. 8.—Congressman O'Shaunessy of Rhode Island has received a number of replies to telegrams and letters he sent out asking various New England State officials to appear at the hearing before the House Rules Committee on Tuesday on Mr. O'Shaunessy's resolution for an investigation of the New England railroad situation.

From Gov. Bass of New Hampshire the following telegram came this afternoon:

"Am in favor of a Congressional investigation which will bring out all the facts relative to the relations between the Grand Trunk and New Haven railroads. Sorry, but an engagement in Chicago will prevent my being in Washington Tuesday next."

Mr. O'Shaunessy said tonight that the Mayors of the following cities will probably appear: Mayor Fletcher of Providence, Mayor Easterbrook of Pawtucket, Mayor Hatley of Central Falls.

Gov. Pothier of Rhode Island will probably attend. He has designated William C. Bliss chairman of the Public Utilities Commission and Mr. Rodman, also a member of the board, to appear at the hearing. There will be a meeting of the New England delegation in Congress on next Monday morning in Mr. O'Shaunessy's office to arrange preliminary matters relative to the hearing.

It is possible that every state in New England will be represented, as Mr. O'Shaunessy has sent telegrams broadcast over that section and has met with a generous response.

Gov. Foss spent a busy day in Washington today. In the morning he went to the Capitol with his brother, Congressman George E. Foss of Illinois, and remained there until after 1 o'clock chatting with the various members of the House.

He discussed the New England railroad situation with Congressman O'Shaunessy of Rhode Island and Congressman Murray of Boston.

Later he lunched with the President in company with several other Governors. Leaving the White House the Governor went to the Union station, where he and Mrs. Foss took the 4 o'clock train for New York. They expect to remain in New York tomorrow, arriving in Boston on Monday.

CONCORD LETTER

Concord, Dec. 9.—The scrambled eggs of New Hampshire politics were given another whirl last week when the Progressives of the state in conference at Manchester declared that "Whereas, the Progressive members of the incoming legislature, body; be it resolved that it is the body; be it resolved that it is the sense of this meeting that the Progressive members of the legislature absolutely refuse to trade with either the Republican or Democratic party."

As to just what this means there are widely different views, even on the part of those present at the meeting and voting for it; so that the situation is not on the whole, any clearer than before the third party gathering was held.

At this writing there seem to be the alternatives: Either the Democrats will make a clean sweep, as has been their consistent claim from the first; or the Republicans will select a leading Progressive as speaker and go on with the choice of Hon. Franklin Worcester for Governor. But one man's surmise is as good as another's; only the Lord knows and only time (three weeks) will tell.

The Secretary of State is carrying out his long schedule and recommending promptly and without delay. A number of mistakes in both coming and accounting have been revealed, but none of them up to this time, has been sufficient to change the result, as originally announced in any case.

Hon. Edwin G. Eastman of Exeter, Herbert B. Moulton of Lisbon, and James E. French of Moultonboro, the commissioners appointed by the supreme court, to assess damages for land taken by the state by the right of eminent domain in the acquisition of the famous Crawford notch have filed their findings with the clerk of the court at the State library Building.

The commission fixes the value of the soft wood and timber on the land named in the petition at \$27,250 and the value of the entire tract, including hard wood and excluding soft wood at \$72,000.

The title of 114 acres described in the petition as in dispute, the tract being claimed by the Barron Hotel company, and also by Charles H. Morrey.

The commission find that in the particular that if the 114 acres shall be declared to be the property of the Barron Hotel company, then we award as damages to Charles H. Morrey the sum of \$71,430.

Now to Abraham Stahl, the purchaser of the soft wood, upon the land described in the petition, the sum of \$21,890.

A Portable Gas Lamp

IS A FINE LIGHT TO WORK AND READ BY. THE LIGHT IS SOFT AND PLEASING. ALSO ECONOMICAL. PRICES \$2.00 TO \$20.00.

PORTSMOUTH GAS COMPANY
ALWAYS AT YOUR SERVICE.

CALIFORNIA FINALLY IN ROOSEVELT COLUMN

Sacramento, Calif., Dec. 8.—Roosevelt carried California by 171 votes, although he will have but 31 of the State's 13 electoral votes. The other two will be cast for Wilson.

These figures are final, but will not be made official until the return from Los Angeles County have been formally audited by Sec. of State Jordan. Jordan announced today that he would certify the result to the Governor immediately upon the completion of that audit next week.

The Roosevelt plurality is based on the totals of the two electoral candidates receiving the highest vote. They were A. J. Wallace, Republican, 283,610; Thomas Griffin, Democrat, 283,436; Griffin ran 785 votes ahead of H. P. Delvalle, the other Democrat elected, who, in turn, was but three votes behind Ralph Bull, the 11th successful Republican. The high man of the two defeated Republicans ran 57 votes behind Delvalle.

ARRAIGNED CHARGED WITH MURDER

Claremont, N. H., Dec. 8.—Charged with shooting his wife, Mrs. Ina Kendall, and Joseph Osgood, George J. Kendall of Plainfield was arraigned before Judge H. S. Richardson here Saturday night. He waived examination and was bound over to the Superior court at Newport without bail.

Medical Examiner Dr. H. C. Sanders, after an autopsy over the body of Osgood, found that death was due to the bullet wounds in the abdomen of which there were three instead of two, as at first reported.

FOR SALE AND GUARANTEED

One Indian motorcycle \$110; just overhauled at factory.
One 1912 Planders touring car \$775; new.
One 1910 Cadillac touring car \$600; one at \$650.
1911 Cadillac \$850 and \$1000; single cylinder runabout \$250; one with folding rear seat \$300; touring car \$300.
1912 Cadillac touring car; run 3000 miles, cost \$2100; sell for \$1550.
All Cadillacs that I sell carry same guarantee as on new cars.

There isn't a better business proposition on the market than a one or four cylinder Cadillac.
1911 Cadillac Torpedo, complete and in excellent order, \$1100.
I have all sized Wood Tire Chains for \$2 and \$3 a pair, while they last.
Charles B. Woods, Bow St.

ORGAN RECITAL

An organ recital will be given at the Unitarian church on Tuesday evening Dec. 10th, at eight o'clock by the well known Boston organist John Herman Lund. The choir of the church will give vocal selections. The church organ was entirely rebuilt last summer and is now a very beautiful modern instrument. Musical people will enjoy hearing it played by Mr. Lund. Price of admission 25 cents. Tickets at Grace's and Montgomery's and at the door.

HERE FOR WRESTLING MATCH

Jim Westergaard who is to wrestle Bryden of this city, at Freeman's hall this evening, arrived on Sunday and he claims to be in fine trim for the match. He is a clean looking rugged fellow and has a reputation of being a very clever match, so that the fans should see a fine match this evening for Bryden is a hard proposition on the mat.

If you don't want to mix up in the battle, vote for Sperry Locke. He is above board and for Portsmouth's interests.—Political Ad.

The best Christmas gift that you can give a relative, friend or neighbor is a wife died but a few weeks ago, and since her death he has been failing rapidly.

BRACKETT ELECTED CAPTAIN OF FOOTBALL TEAM

The New Hampshire College football team Saturday elected W. H. L. Brackett '14 quarterback on the team during the past season, captain for next year. He has played on the eleven for the last three years, and during the past season was among the best players. He is also captain of the baseball team for the coming season.

PEOPLE'S OPINIONS

The Deserving Candidate
To the Citizens of Portsmouth:—Following is an appeal for the reelection of the present Mayor at the polls tomorrow. Admitting in the beginning that everyone in our city is wide awake to the existing conditions I take pleasure in making a statement as to why the younger voters heartily support the action taken by the Mayor and three of our leading citizens in striking a blow at the systematized vice existing in our midst.

The prevailing immorality of our city fostered by the organization paid to carry out our laws is a situation which is a disgrace to the good name of Portsmouth. This evil, which is every day knowing at the heart of things that are best in our community has grown up under our very eyes and through the corrupt practices of those men who have sworn to work for the best interests of our municipality, this organized crime has reached a stage that demands immediate action.

There were those who attempt to support this existing condition—its argument being that it is a necessary evil. To those so minded, kindly note the following example; if you would sail the seas in a craft driven on by machinery, would you deliberately bore a hole in the bottom of the ship, thereby necessitating the use of two engines, one to pump out the rushing water and the other to propel the ship, or rather would you plug the leak, and combine the two engines for one purpose, and true aid in the progress of the voyage?

This is surely a fair illustration of the existing immorality in our city today, and for the purpose of breaking down this intolerable condition of affairs our Executive Head has shown the courage of his convictions by signing a petition, which in my opinion means more for the cleaning up of our city than any Mayor has accomplished in my memory.

Now, speaking for the younger men of our city, I have nothing but the highest admiration and praise for a man who has taken this step, and I simply ask each voter if he too does not heartily endorse the action taken by our present Mayor in his valiant attempt to uproot the long seated corruption, which has been working untold injury to the best interests of our municipality. And in closing let me say that those of us who will go to the polls tomorrow, perhaps to make our first cross for a Mayor of the City of Portsmouth, will welcome an opportunity to make this mark opposite the name of one who acts only when he has the best interests of his city at heart. And such an individual is Mr. Daniel Wesley Badger.

A Young but Interested Voter.

DR. TOWLE STATES HIS POSITION

There seems to be, in the minds of some a misunderstanding as to my position in the coming city election. Let me make my position plain. I am first of all a Republican, but in local affairs I have always advocated and shall continue to advocate a citizens ticket. There being no citizens ticket in the field the Republican ticket as a ticket is the most satisfactory, and as such I endorse it. I shall, however, vote for Daniel W. Badger for mayor, for I believe he stands for a betterment of conditions in our city which, to say the least, are disgraceful.

D. S. TOWLE

FREE TRIP TO "HAPPYLAND"

That's virtually what you will be taking if you sing or play the great song hit of Nora Bayes and Jack Norworth in Weber & Fields' Music Hall entitled "There is a Happyland," words and music of which will be featured in the Magazine of next Sunday's New York World. It's a song that will put you in a happy mood to better enjoy the festivities of gay Christmastide. Tell your newsdealer in advance to save you a copy of the Sunday World. he 11

DR. CARL ALSBERG SUCCEEDS WILEY

Washington, Dec. 8.—President Taft and Secretary of Agriculture Wilson, after months of consideration, decided upon the appointment of Dr. Carl Alsberg, a chemist in the bureau of drugs and plants as chief of the bureau of chemistry of the department of agriculture, a position that has been vacant since the resignation last spring of Dr. Harvey W. Wiley, the famous defender of the pure food law.

CLEMENT G. CLARK

Clement G. Clark died on Saturday at the advanced age of 84 years. His wife died but a few weeks ago, and since her death he has been failing rapidly.

CLASSIFIED ADS.

For Sale, Wanted, to Let, Lost, Found, Etc.

YOU GET RESULTS FROM THIS COLUMN.

1 Cent a Word Each Insertion
4 Lines—One Week 40c

WANTED

BOY WANTED with a chance to learn business. Apply Postal Telephone Company, Congress street. he 11

WANTED—The people of Portsmouth to know I am ready to weave rugs and carpets from rags and cast off clothing. I also recent cane chairs. L. F. Jones, 70 Hill St. City. he 12 lw

PARCEL POST Tape Measure and distance zone map with full instructions. Helps to cheapen the cost of living. Necessity in every household. Fifteen cents, stamps. Missouri Motor Car Co., 821 Chestnut Street, St. Louis, Mo.

H Nov 23, 30, Dec 7, 11, 21.

For Sale

At the Chelsea Dairy Milk Co. Stable, 761 Broadway Chelsea, Mass. 50 purebred work horses and mares ranging in weight from 900 to 1400 lbs. Prices from \$40 to \$150 each, every horse sold with a trial of 30 days. These horses are not all old worn out horses, but are all young, sound horses used by us in different branches of our milk business and are being sold only as we have no further use for them. Satisfaction guaranteed.

P. S.—Every horse bought of us will be shipped free of charge with in 200 miles with new halter, and blanket and free pass home to purchaser.

FOR SALE—Lobster shoals of all kinds, round sticks, 3 ft. 6 oak, \$1.15 per 100; 3 ft. 6 laths, oak, 65c per 100; 3 ft. laths, oak, 55c per 100; alders, 3 ft. 6 long, 5-8 in. wide, \$1.50 per 100; round mates given on No. 1 oak; five motor boats. John H. Durgin, 40 West street, Hallowell, Me. he 15 2w

FOR SALE—Dress Suit, 36 inch breast, 32 inch seam. Address C. H. C 1w

FOR SALE—Meat and grocery store, 125 Dear street. Apply to Mrs. M. E. Martin. Sickens cause of selling. ch. oct 12, 14

FOR SALE or to let, house known as Hutchinson House, corner Broad and Lincoln avenue. Apply W. J. Carter, or telephone 672.

FOR LEASE—Three to five years, the small farm in Rye, 50 acres, pasture for one cow, 300 apple trees, 100 foot hon house. Apply 874 Lexington street, Portsmouth, N. H. he 17 1w

TO LET

TO LET—A flat, 49 1-2 A South street, with modern improvements, electric light, gas for stove, also bath and furnace heat. Separate flat, very pleasantly situated. Apply at once to Mrs. J. A. Rand, 54 South street, nearly opposite the flat. he 18 1w

TO LET—Desirable tenement, 153 South street. Apply 139 South street or 2 Market Square, or tel 10841.

TO LET—Building that will accommodate three or four automobiles, also the same size room overhead, for storage of goods of an description. 114 Daniel street. H C 1 w Dec 7.

TO LET—Rooms for light house-keeping; also bundle washing wanted. Apply 92 Cass street. he 22 1w

TO LET—The hall, corner of Daniel and Penhallow streets, recently vacated by the Knights of Columbus, will be rented to a desirable party. Upper and lower halls and ante rooms furnish ample opportunities for lodge purposes. Apply to James H. Dow, 122 Chapel street. he 22 1w

TO LET—Two large rooms in Daniel street Block. Rooms suitable for light house keeping. Inquire at Herald office. C&H 148

TO LET—Suite of three offices with all modern conveniences, offices at present occupied by Railway Mail Association and George A. Wood. Inquire at Herald office. C&H 110

TO LET—Tenement of six rooms at 23 Fleet street. Apply at this office. c&h 119

TO LET—A centrally located house of twelve rooms in excellent condition with hot water heating system, bath, and gas. Also five room tenement on Cass St. Apply to Amador, 100-7.

TO LET—Office with private counting office, same size with Herald, all modern conveniences including heat. Rent \$11. Inquire of The Herald.

TRANSPORTATION TIME TABLE

Leave Portsmouth for Boston—8.10, 8.26, 8.42, 8.58, 9.14, 9.30, 9.46, 10.02, 10.18, 10.34, 10.50, 11.06, 11.22, 11.38, 11.54, 12.10, 12.26, 12.42, 12.58, 1.14, 1.30, 1.46, 2.02, 2.18, 2.34, 2.50, 3.06, 3.22, 3.38, 3.54, 4.10, 4.26, 4.42, 4.58, 5.14, 5.30, 5.46, 6.02, 6.18, 6.34, 6.50, 7.06, 7.22, 7.38, 7.54, 8.10, 8.26, 8.42, 8.58, 9.14, 9.30, 9.46, 10.02, 10.18, 10.34, 10.50, 11.06, 11.22, 11.38, 11.54, 12.10, 12.26, 12.42, 12.58, 1.14, 1.30, 1.46, 2.02, 2.18, 2.34, 2.50, 3.06, 3.22, 3.38, 3.54, 4.10, 4.26, 4.42, 4.58, 5.14, 5.30, 5.46, 6.02, 6.18, 6.34, 6.50, 7.06, 7.22, 7.38, 7.54, 8.10, 8.26, 8.42, 8.58, 9.14, 9.30, 9.46, 10.02, 10.18, 10.34, 10.50, 11.06, 11.22, 11.38, 11.54, 12.10, 12.26, 12.42, 12.58, 1.14, 1.30, 1.46, 2.02, 2.18, 2.34, 2.50, 3.06, 3.22, 3.38, 3.54, 4.10, 4.26, 4.42, 4.58, 5.14, 5.30, 5.46, 6.02, 6.18, 6.34, 6.50, 7.06, 7.22, 7.38, 7.54, 8.10, 8.26, 8.42, 8.58, 9.14, 9.30, 9.46, 10.02, 10.18, 10.34, 10.50, 11.06, 11.22, 11.38, 11.54, 12.10, 12.26, 12.42, 12.58, 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Annual Fur Sale!

OUR ENTIRE STOCK WITH
Selected Pieces from Our Furriers
Lehrburger & Asher

CONSISTING OF

Coats, Scarfs and Muffs

Coats of Hudson Seal, French Seal, Natural Pony, Black Pony, Marmot; Sable, Squirrel and Caracul.

Scarfs and Muffs of Mole, Civet Cat, Pointed Fox, Black Fox, Hudson Seal, Mink, Japanese Mink, Natural Raccoon, Black Raccoon, Persian, Caracul, Black Lynx, Natural Wolf, Black Wolf, Blue Wolf, Beaver and Japanese Fox.

Hundreds of the finest furs representing thousands of dollars in value to be offered at a substantial discount from regular prices

Monday, Dec. 9

THE D. F. BORTHWICK STORE

LOCAL DASHES

Fine snappy weather.
The coldest morning of the season. It is likely to be a lively day on Tuesday.
The Herald for news every day in the week.
The Herald prints the news without fear or favor.
Think it over, then vote as your conscience dictates.
Politics in this city certainly make strange bed-fellows.
All hack orders for both Hissop's stables, call telephone 3.
The Central Labor Union holds a smoke, talk on Thursday evening.
W. B. Dryden and Jim Westergaard will wrestle at Freeman's hall this evening. A hard and fast match.
The thermometer registered only eight degrees above zero this morning.
A vote for James W. Barrett for a member of the Board of Public Works is a vote for efficiency. Political Ad.
Live Lobsters, Butterfish, Halibut, Haddock, Mackerel, meats and provisions at E. S. Downs, 37 Market street.
Twelve artillerymen from Fort Slocum, New York, arrived here Sunday afternoon and went to Fort Constitution, where they will do duty.
Hear Sperry Locke, Progressive candidate for Mayor, on Market square, Monday evening. He will give you something to think over. If stormy at Freeman's upper hall. Political Ad.
The rumor about the U. S. S. George coming here for twenty days work cannot be verified.
The Tom Thumb Wedding which was to have been a part of the entertainment at the I. O. O. F. hall this evening has been cancelled owing to the illness of several of the children and the place on the program will be filled with another as strong attraction.
Any time you want to take a drive just telephone 2, and Hissop will do the rest.
TO LET—A tenement of six rooms and scullery, 78 Hill street. Apply 15 Islington street. h d 9 12
Vote for a practical man to be in charge of the water works. James W. Barrett. Political Ad.

PERSONAL ITEMS

Fred H. Bunker passed Sunday at his home in Dover.
Gardner Berry of Dover was a visitor here on Saturday.
N. P. Seaver of Providence, R. I., was a visitor here on Sunday.
S. L. Bradbury of Biddeford, Me., was a visitor here on Saturday.
H. J. Robertson, Jr., and family returned on Sunday from a visit in New York.
Christopher Jackson of Dover passed Sunday with his sister Mrs. Washburn of Middle street.
Mr. and Mrs. George H. Kennard, of Somerville, passed Sunday with the former's parents in Eliot.
John Reardon who has been visiting friends in this city returned on Sunday to his home in Boston.
Duncan H. Cameron of the Central Fire Station is enjoying a few days vacation which he is passing in Boston.
Captain John W. Amazeen of New Castle passed Sunday as the guest of his daughter in West Newbury, Mass.
Mrs. Harold M. Folsom and young child, who have been visiting relatives in Biddeford, Me., returned home on Sunday.
The Dela Club comprised of young ladies who attend the High School, was entertained on Saturday evening by Miss Frances H. Bates.
Alexander Scarborough of the Boston & Maine Railroad who has been ill with typhoid fever at the Portsmouth hospital has so far recovered, that he will leave that institution this week.
Dennis Lynch for a number of years connected with the Central Fire Station was a visitor in Biddeford on Saturday where he was entertained by members of the Fire Department of that city.
Mr. and Mrs. Henry O. Batten were in South Berwick on Sunday to attend the funeral of their grandniece, Marion Rogers, daughter of Mrs. Myrtle Rogers Prescott. It was a particularly sad affair as the child was accidentally shot by boys playing Wild West, one of the shots piercing the child's lung.

ITEMS OF INTEREST TO NAVY YARD EMPLOYEES

Wants Models in Capitals.
Senator Burnham has introduced a bill in the senate providing for the deposit of a model of any war vessel of the United States navy bearing the name of a state of the United States in the capitol building of each state.

Ten Committees Appeared.
The board of wages met at 2 o'clock this afternoon to hear the several committees representing different trades as to the matter of increased wages. Ten committees appeared.

Son Born at Norfolk.
A son was recently born to Naval Constructor and Mrs. R. W. Ryden at Norfolk. Constructor Ryden was attached to the hull division at this yard before he was transferred to Norfolk.

Glad to Get Back.
A detachment of sixty-five marines, who have been on duty at San Domingo and other southern ports, arrived here on the 3.15 p. m. train on Sunday in command of Capt. Buttrick. Fifteen of the squad were recruits from Norfolk yard. The tug Ponacook made a special trip to this city to transfer them.

Will Soon Start Work.
Work will start on the Hector as soon as the job orders reach the yard from Norfolk where the work on this vessel was originally planned to take place.

Marine Corps Increase
The navy department has approved the recommendations of the commandants of the Marine corps that congress be requested to authorize an increase of 18 officers and 361 enlisted men at this session, this number being equal approximately to an additional battalion. It is requested that the increase be distributed in the several grades as follows: One colonel, 1 major, 5 captains, 1 captain and assistant quartermaster, 6 first lieutenants, 1 sergeant major, 4 first sergeants, 4 quartermaster sergeants, 4 gunnery sergeants, 4 corporals, and 327 privates—Army and Navy Register.

Engineer Walker Retires
Comdr. Walker, a civil engineer in the navy since 1898, and was formerly stationed at this yard has resigned to go in business in Maine.
He is the son of the late Rear Admiral John G. Walker. Recently he has been on duty as public works officer at the Newport naval station.

MEMBERS OF NEW HAMPSHIRE LODGE, NO. 17, I. O. O. F.
The Grand Master and other Grand Lodge Officers will visit New Hampshire Lodge, Wednesday evening, Dec. 11, 1912. Business of importance to every member will come before the meeting. A full attendance is desired. Refreshments served. Per order, CHAS. W. GREENE, N. G. STANTON M. TRUEMAN, Sec.

NOTICE
Whist party, Wednesday evening, Dec. 11, 1912, given by the P. C. U. at U. V. U. hall. Refreshments will be served.
Ch. 21.
Don't fail to hear Mrs. Martha A. Prescott of Laconia, Past President of the Republican Assembly of New Hampshire. Come and go to Winnipeg with her and return. A gifted speaker. h d 9 12

POLITICAL ADVERTISEMENT POLITICAL ADVERTISEMENT

DEMOCRATS VS REPUBLICANS

Hundreds of voters have left both the old parties during the past forty-eight hours on account of the worst wrangle ever known in local politics.

Great Battle on Eve of Election

Store keepers, Saloon keepers, Real Estate men, and other Business men, all admit the positive election of Locke. He is the Dark Horse that is going to win. Join with the winner!

With Locke as Mayor, Portsmouth will boom. Get on the Band Wagon.



See that you and your friends mark their ballot for Sperry H. Locke for Mayor.

Be with the winner and have a FREE MAN at City Hall.
S. F. A. PICKERING,
Chairman City Committee.

POLITICAL ADVERTISEMENT

POLITICAL ADVERTISEMENT

THE REPUBLICAN TICKET GUARANTEES TO THE PUBLIC LAW AND ORDER, A BETTER PORTSMOUTH, LOWER TAXES

The tremendous responsibility of shouldering the guilt for raising an appropriation in the city of Portsmouth for the present year for the unprecedented sum of two hundred and ninety thousand dollars, (\$290,000), is upon you, Mr. Badger. This is the largest appropriation by many, many thousands in the whole history of Portsmouth.

The responsibility of turning this city from the prosperity of steadily getting out of debt to the failure and disgrace of getting fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) deeper in debt and entailing luxuries and extravagance which will hang like a millstone about our neck for all time is upon you, Mr. Badger.

The Badger Political Machine cannot escape this responsibility of their extravagance by attempting to hide behind a faked-up moral issue. The good mothers and fathers of Portsmouth are capable of protecting the morals of their sons and daughters themselves without turning them over to the tender mercy of the Badger Political Machine.

What the people of Portsmouth want to know, Mr. Badger, is what you did with that thirty-five thousand dollars last year which you added to the city debt. How did you spend it? Where has it gone? How did you happen to get in debt thirty-five thousand dollars when the last three mayors reduced the debt from thirty-five thousand to seventy-four thousand each year?

What have you done with the two hundred and ninety thousand which you raised this year? You must know all about these things as not one dollar of the city's money can be drawn except upon your warrant, signed by you.

Seventeen thousand dollars was appropriated by the city council for the Public Works department to pay into the sinking fund as required by law to meet the issue of bonds that will become due. The Badger Political Machine, which is the head and front of the Board of Public Works, ignored the law and spent the seventeen thousand dollars. If this Badger Political Machine is to be continued in office and carry out this policy when the bonds become due there will be nothing in the sinking fund to meet them, and they will have to be repudiated, as there can be no reissue of bonds under the law now.

Voters should be aware of falsehoods and false issues set up by the Badger Political Machine. The old machine is on its last legs. The people who love Portsmouth, and have to pay the bills are out after this old machine, and they are going to get it next Tuesday, and the splendid ticket headed by John Pender is going to be elected in a landslide.

Here is the ticket:

For Mayor JOHN PENDER

For Councilmen at Large:
EDWARD H. ADAMS
HAROLD H. BENNETT
CHARLES FRED DUNCAN
BERTRAM M. TILTON

For Ward Councilmen:
Ward 1—ROBERT M. HERRICK
Ward 2—GEORGE H. CLARK
Ward 3—WILLIAM E. DOWDELL
Ward 4—ARTHUR C. COX
Ward 5—JOHN W. SMART

For Assessor of Taxes:
CHARLES E. HODGDON
For Member of Board of Public Works:
JOHN NEWICK

For Members of Board of Instruction:
ALFRED GOODING
FRED S. TOWLE
FERNANDO W. HARTFORD
IDA P. BENFIELD

Beware of Falsehoods and Roarbacks from the Badger Gang in Desperation

Republican City Committee,
FRANK F. NEWICK, Secretary.

Shop Early This Year

The advantages of Early Christmas Shopping are so apparent it would seem that everyone would follow this plan. Fresh unbroken lines, complete assortments, and many little novelties that are quickly sold, are advantages the early shopper gets, besides the avoidance of the rush and confusion of the last few days.

We are ready with complete displays of Handkerchiefs, Aprons, Hand Bags, Umbrellas, Pocket Books, Neckwear, Jewel Boxes and Novelties—in Prices to Suit Every Purse.

THE BUSY STORE
FOYE'S
4 TO 8
MARKET SQUARE

A TRIP TO PRINCE EDWARD'S ISLAND

The steamer Halifax in which we have travelled together something like seven thousand miles on these P. E. I. trips has given place to a new, elegant and commodious boat, bearing the euphonious and appropriate name of Evangeline. But the same genial and accomplished officers are in command and Capt. Ellis will still be on deck on the bridge receiving and dispersing the general air of cheerful salutation and kindly feeling that has prevailed so long upon the old steamer Halifax. The Evangeline was built in England, and has just been brought over. She is finished and furnished handsomely and will accommodate a hundred passengers more than the Halifax. It will hereafter be an even more delightful passage to Halifax and Prince Edward Island than ever before, though there was, pleasure enough and to spare on the old boat.

It appears that there is very good reason for thus providing for increased accommodations on this route. Probably Prince Edward Island and its surrounding Canadian countries will be more and more in the line of summer travel as they are brought into public notice. There are many inducements hitherto, and the trend of sea trips eastward is on the increase. The country is attractive, both for transient and permanent visitors. To give some idea of the facilities and probabilities of the island, we will devote two letters to its agricultural and commercial prospects. We have discussed the beauty and attractiveness of the "Garden of the Gulf" and roamed together over the island until there is little to be said after we have summed it all up into the simple fact that the island is beautiful, interesting and fertile. And now a word about the fruits that it yields or is capable of yielding.

You will perhaps remember that inviting and tasteful. Nearly every Tuesday and Fridays are market days at Charlottetown. It is there that we obtain a glimpse of the fruitfulness of the island, but it is said that its fruit bearing capacity is very far from being fully developed. We are told that in color and flavor the apples of Prince Edward Island excel, and those which were displayed in the fall markets this year were far from set out enough apple and cherry trees for home use, but in

most cases they have been neglected. There are, however, about a dozen commercial orchards, five acres or more in extent, upwards of ten years of age and several more have been planted within the last few years. Of these of ten years growth, one orchard in Charlottetown Royalty had an average of one and a half barrels to each tree. The harder varieties of trees make very rapid growth, and pests are not as numerous or as persistent as they are in the neighboring provinces. Plums do excellently well. Trees from eight to ten years should yield about five bushels in a favorable season, and net the owner from nine to twelve dollars a year.

It is noted that there is no place in America where strawberries are grown to the same perfection as in this island. They are large, firm and of excellent flavor. The average crop is eight thousand boxes per acre, and some seldom take less than ten thousand. They go on the market in July, and generally net the producer from eight to ten cents per box. The growing of bush fruits has been much neglected. There are a few plantations of gooseberries and currants, and they have proved very profitable. For the last two years a half-acre of gooseberries yielded upwards of one hundred bushels, which netted the owner \$250.00. There is room for a great expansion of berry growing.

The surface of the island is gently undulating and in places rolling, and the purest water can be obtained almost anywhere at less than thirty feet. The highest elevation is less than three hundred feet. The soil is a bright red loam, passing into a stiff clay on the one hand and a sandy loam on the other. It rests on an open subsoil affording good natural drainage. The climate is moist, temperate and even, not subject to extremes of either heat or cold. Showers are frequent throughout the summer. The location, soil and climate all combine to make Prince Edward Island the "Garden Province of Canada." Said Prof. Muscoun, "I believe Prince Edward Island to be one great site for an apple orchard. Almost the whole province is suited for orcharding, and the rest of it will do for cranberry growth. With these two industries the whole country should be covered." Another enthusiastic and authentic admirer of the island says: "If this little province

had the advertisement that some of the districts on the Pacific coast or in the islands of the sea are getting it, would be visited by thousands of people who would never grow tired of telling of its productiveness. But perhaps the time is coming, and some day it may contain the country estates of residents of the big cities, and be the home of thousands of the prominent fruit growers."

Through the courtesy of the Prince Edward Island railway officials, we have a fine opportunity to see for ourselves the evidence of the truth of what we have heretofore stated. You may call this a little island in the Gulf of St. Lawrence but when you find there a line of railway of 250 miles, you will see that there is a good chance for a long and interesting ride, and all along the way you will be more and more convinced of the truth of what we have learned and told you in this letter about the fertility and productiveness of the island.

We have thus spoken of the fruit facilities of Prince Edward Island. In another letter we propose to astonish some readers with an account of a new local industry that is attracting world-wide attention. It is nothing less than the culture of the silver-black fox, in which you will be greatly interested if you are seeking to know what the big world is doing.

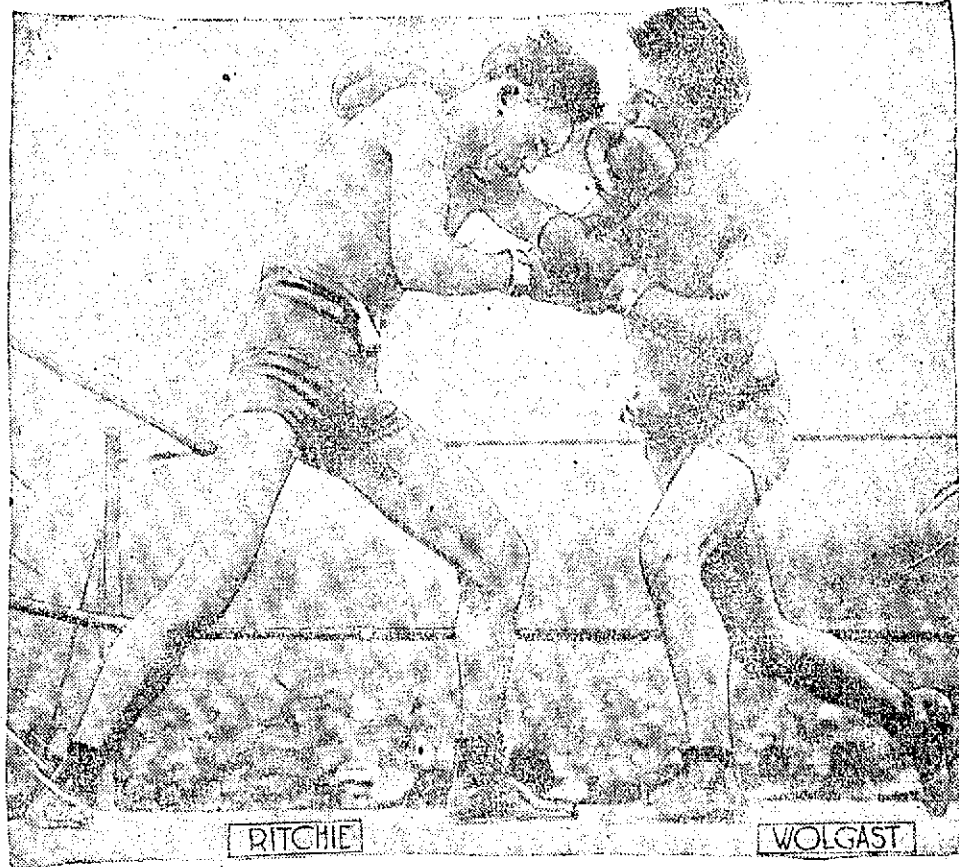
Meanwhile the subject of woman suffrage is so much discussed at the present state of our national affairs, that it may be interesting to know how much it prevails in a novel election system at Charlottetown.

In the election of mayor and councillors (aldermen) for the city of Charlottetown all men and all unmarried women above the age of 21 years having paid prior to the time of holding any such election all rates, taxes and assessments then due, have a right to give one or more votes. The franchise is limited to those possessing a freehold yearly estate of \$100 assessed value or over; to rental value of \$14; to payers of an annual income-tax of \$2 and upward, and to those who pay a poll tax of \$2 each year.

Non-resident owners or lessees of real estate in the city may vote at these elections. A voter thus qualified may vote in the ward in which he or she resides and also in every other ward in which he or she owns or occupies real estate. Under this provision an elector residing in one ward of the city and owning real estate of being in possession of premises for business purposes in the other four wards of the city may vote five times at the same election, once in each ward, and he or she votes in each ward for one of the candidates for mayor and for the number of councillors to be elected from such ward.

Voting at these elections is not by ballot, but at the polling places by

Ritchie, New Lightweight Champion, Will Not Defend Title For Some Time



San Francisco, Dec. 9.—Willie Ritchie, who won the lightweight championship of the world from Ad Wolgast Thanksgiving day, is a well-behaved, clean living boy who deserves success. When Ritchie boxed four rounds with Wolgast in Frisco last spring he took the former champion's measure in sizing up his hitting and learning his style. He predicted then that if he ever got another chance at Wolgast he would beat him with straight right hand punches to the jaw. The detailed account of the recent

battle would seem to indicate that Ritchie in the sixteenth round had Wolgast beaten by these tactics before the latter lost on what appears to have been an intentional foul. Ritchie has earned a right to reap easy money for the next six months, and he cannot be justly scored if he turns down all challenges. Of course Wolgast wants a return match and has named Washington's birthday as the date, but Ritchie isn't in a hurry. Ritchie, it is possible, will voluntarily raise the lightweight limit to 135 pounds either at the ringside or scaling three or four hours before the

contest. This will let Paeky McFarland Jack Britton, Matt Wells and Freddie Welsh in at their best weights and will abolish the arbitrary rule fixed by Battling Nelson which made Joe Gans do less than 133 and was perpetuated by Wolgast. Ritchie, by the way used to be McFarland's sparring partner, and a year ago when practically unknown he was shaded by Welsh in twenty rounds at Vernon, Cal. Under the management of Billy Nolan Ritchie should make a fortune. Pictures shows scene in sixteenth round shortly before Wolgast fouled Ritchie.

with wonder and disapproval. But no sooner was the war over and the victor rested with the North than the making of huge fortunes began, and as a result of vast riches and vast earning powers, the cost of living increased in proportion to the growing wealth of the people, and this it has been found by leaps and bounds ever since. So what wonder that when Americans first went abroad accustomed to their own inflated prices and confronted by the cheapness of Europe, they could not get over their astonishment! Unluckily they expressed their astonishment and delight to every ostentatious shopkeeper, so it is not surprising that the astute shopkeepers all over the world took heed and in deference to their best transatlantic gently, pleasantly but surely forced up their prices, not only for Americans, but unfortunately also for their own countrymen. This they have done with such success that even the American plutocrats must feel an increased respect for people who have learned so well the great American science of overcharging. Indeed, the American now confronted with an English hotel bill is often and unpleasantly reminded of "home, sweet home."

EXTRAVAGANT LONDON

But Not London Only—The Invasion of Europe by Americans, and its Effect on the High Cost of Living—The Apotheosis of the Cheap.

(Mrs John Lane in the London Mail.) The luxuries of the past have become the necessities of the present. And it is not unjust to say that most of the extravagance of modern life in London we owe to America.

Ever since her Civil war she has set the pace, and from starting herself with a modern ice water standard of life, she has reached what may be called the champagne standard, and such is the influence of what in her is least admirable that in spite of the warnings of thinking men and women it has insidiously become the standard of modern life.

And not only does it effect the richest and highest classes but what is infinitely more to be deplored, it affects the class by which alone a nation's prosperity can be judged—the middle class.

The luxury of the highest classes has in all times been accepted as a necessary evil, which comes with inherited wealth and consequent idleness. An it has happened with luxury and idleness have passed all bounds that the outraged lower classes have turned, as in the case of the French Revolution and there has been a mighty chopping of heads, and the air being then cleared of the miasma of corruption the nation has again started afresh. When degeneration infects the upper classes, such heroic remedies succeed, but when it threatens the vast middle class on which a nation depends for its progress, its stability, and its genius it means decay at the core.

The unhappy distinction of being the most extravagant nation in the world, rests with the Americans and the English. An it is a true affliction to both that what one of their middle class families wastes would support a French family endowed with their intelligent economy which is a fortunate national asset.

American extravagance took its rise after the Civil war when there occurred two notable events: the making of enormous fortunes, and at the same time the discovery of Europe by Americans, which was destined to influence the world's standard of high living. Perhaps of all the higher classes the English aristocracy more than all has succumbed to the American influence, merged, as it is fast becoming into a plutocracy as absolute as any in America with the same standard by which to measure success—and that is money. For money we all know in certain phases of high English society covers all sins and opens all doors.

Before the Civil war the people of the North were so simple and economical that on rare occasions when they were brought face to face with Old World luxuries they were filled

with wonder and disapproval. But no sooner was the war over and the victor rested with the North than the making of huge fortunes began, and as a result of vast riches and vast earning powers, the cost of living increased in proportion to the growing wealth of the people, and this it has been found by leaps and bounds ever since. So what wonder that when Americans first went abroad accustomed to their own inflated prices and confronted by the cheapness of Europe, they could not get over their astonishment! Unluckily they expressed their astonishment and delight to every ostentatious shopkeeper, so it is not surprising that the astute shopkeepers all over the world took heed and in deference to their best transatlantic gently, pleasantly but surely forced up their prices, not only for Americans, but unfortunately also for their own countrymen. This they have done with such success that even the American plutocrats must feel an increased respect for people who have learned so well the great American science of overcharging. Indeed, the American now confronted with an English hotel bill is often and unpleasantly reminded of "home, sweet home."

But the time has now come when even America plethoric with money, is already reaping the harvest of extravagance, and even she has begun to rebel against the extortionate cost of living. But it is too late; the world has become a spendthrift, and it is easier to become extravagant, than being extravagant, to return to the ways of economy. For in a great unworldly country like America, controlled by trusts, where the enterprise of one man runs the danger of being crushed, a rebellion against extortion must wreck on the impossibility of competition.

The American evolution from tea water to champagne has in turn been followed here by an evolution equally disastrous to the middle classes, whose powers of earning cannot possibly keep pace with their newly acquired taste for luxury, and who struggle to make both ends meet with an intelligence which is the result of wrong and insufficient education and a false standard, which if it teaches anything, teaches the supreme importance of the unimportant which includes a tendency to judge people by their clothes rather than their souls.

Human ingenuity is incessantly at work to provide us with cheap luxuries, and that constitutes one of the greatest extravagances of our times, to which among other things, we owe those in trances of commerce, the great department stores, whose glittering plate glass windows

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treasures are displayed beyond even the imagination of a Schopenhauer telling her wonderful stories to a world weary Sultan. And, because we are the helpless victims of progress, Arabian Nights splendors have become so common, that unfortunately they have been brought fatally near the slender purses of the middle class. We are indeed suffering from the apotheosis of the cheap! But perhaps the supreme tragedy of modern life, when the big shops tempt women with extravagant cheapness—and without women there would be no such miracles of stone and plate glass—comes when they forget that for the luxuries they buy too cheap, some wretched sweating women are suffering misery and starvation.

Perhaps the punishment of too much material prosperity is the universal discontent which has made of the luxuries of the past our necessities.

Age of Superlatives.

It is the age of superlatives. Everything is either the biggest or the smallest. There is nothing just half way. It is either the biggest battleship in the world or the smallest Sledland pony. People are not content to entertain their friends with simple pleasures and pastimes as of old, but must have for them the most extravagant week-end party ever held. To say that a person is an average man is a direct and biting slur. He must be either the best or the worst. Nothing is good any more; it must be the best, the positive and the comparative have been done away with. Things are not good enough; one must be traveling somewhere all the time—always on the wing.—Leslie's.

Advice for the Aging.

"Go slowly and eat less" is the advice of Dr. William Osler to people who have reached the zenith of their lives and are going downhill. When this period comes the blood pressure rises. The tubing shows signs of wear and tear and if too fast a pace is kept up something may burst. Some people are brought to their senses only by an accident of this sort, like the congressman who had to almost die of angina before he would give up habits that were killing him. He reformed and became a healthy man. But unfortunately when a fire bursts or a boiler head blows out in the human body it is so likely to prove fatal.

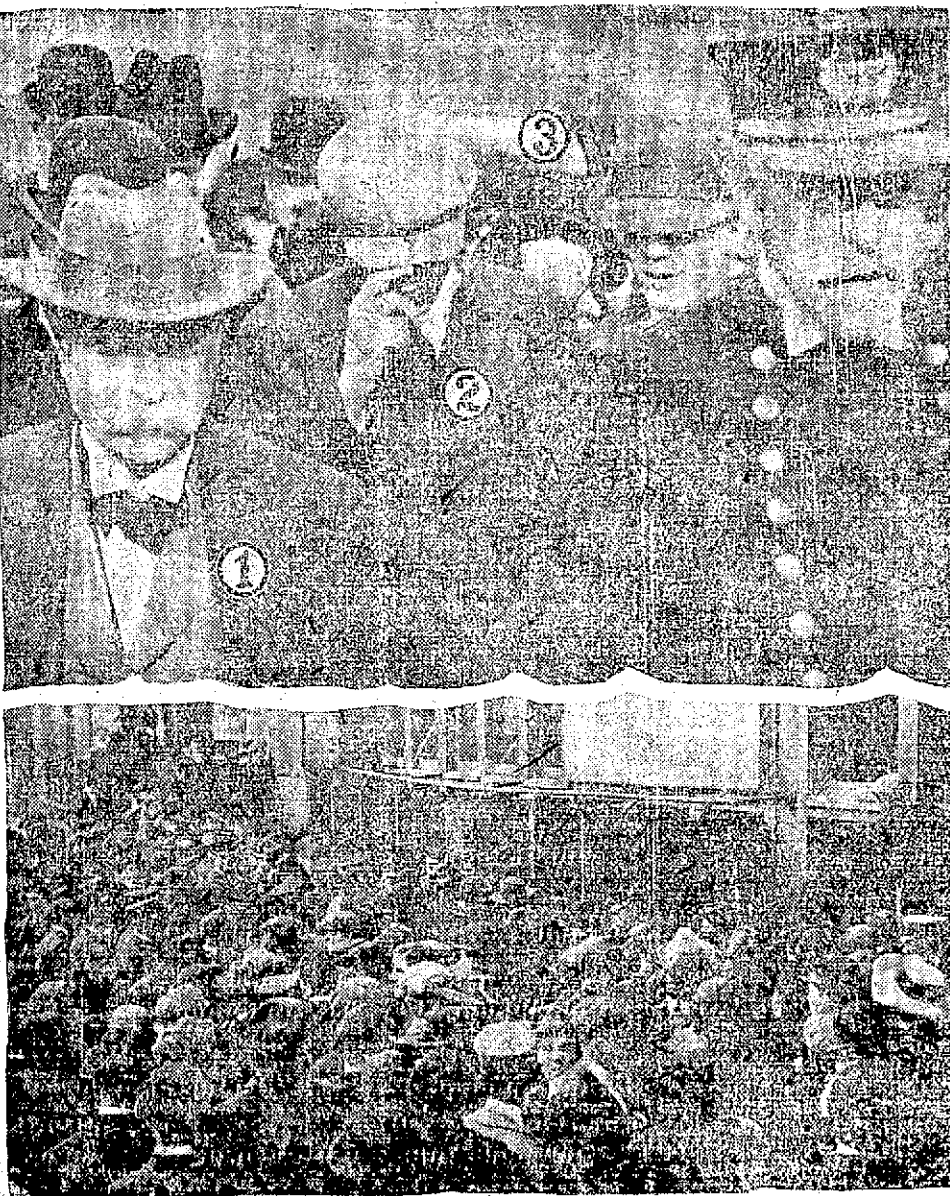
Ingenuous French Fraud.

Fraud is practiced in many forms in France, but it is now that snails are receiving the attention of the tripesters. It seems that snail frauds have become so serious that a society has been formed to stop it. It is called the "Syndicate of the Preparer and Dealers of Snails in France." As a comestible the snail has an enormous clientele. Snails are sold by millions. But the consumers are not quite certain of the origin of the snails they eat. The fraud consists of putting the snails called the "Little Greys" into the empty shells of Burgundy snails, which are of superior quality.

True Charity in Denmark.

The Danish postmaster general has devised an ingenious method of providing money for the education of the blind. A copper coin, a luck-penny, is to be made in the royal mint, and is to be sold to the parents of every new-born child who has the gift of sight by the nurse attending the mother. Parents are to pay whatever sum they think fit for the luck-penny, which is worth only a halfpenny and bears the device, "The child seeing the light for the first time presents a tribute to the child who will never see."

In the Death House of Sing Sing Prison Four New York Gun Men Lose Their Bravado.



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The slayers of Herman Rosenthal, New York gambler, who had passed through their trial with cynical indifference, now that they are in the cells of the condemned, are fearful cravens. They have been sentenced to die on Jan. 4, but an appeal of their case may save them for probably a year, if a new trial is not granted. Riot and disorder attended their sentencing and transfer from New York to Ossining. Great mobs besieged the court and prisoners. In the upper photograph are: No. 1, Sheriff Harburger; No. 2, "Gyp the Blood" Horowitz; No. 3, Mrs. Horowitz, his wife. At her left is "Lefty Louie." The two other gun men, "Whitely Lewis" and "Dingo Frank" were close behind. The lower picture shows the crowd that blocked the street in front of the Grand Central station.

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PRESIDENT'S LAST MESSAGE

The Herald gives in this issue President Taft's message to Congress at the opening of which, has through pressure of other news matter been crowded out of the Herald. The demand of our news and advertising columns has made it necessary to increase the size of the paper for this issue to twelve pages. The message:

To the Senate and House of Representatives:

The foreign relations of the United States actually and potentially affect the state of the Union to a degree not widely realized and hardly surpassed by any other factor in the welfare of the whole nation. The position of the United States in the moral, intellectual and material relations of the family of nations should be a matter of vital interest to every patriotic citizen. The national prosperity and power impose upon us duties which we cannot shrink if we are to be true to our ideals.

The tremendous growth of the export trade of the United States has already made that trade a very real factor in the industrial and commercial prosperity of the country. With the development of our industries the foreign commerce of the United States must rapidly become a still more essential factor in its economic welfare.

The relations of the United States with all foreign powers remain upon a sound basis of peace, harmony and friendship. A greater insistence upon justice to American citizens or interests wherever they may have been denied, and a stronger emphasis of the need of mutual respect in commercial and other relations have only served to strengthen our friendship with foreign countries by placing those friendships upon a firm foundation of realities as well as aspirations.

Reorganization of State Department. At the beginning of the present administration the United States, having fully entered upon its position as a world power, with the responsibilities thrust upon it by the results of the Spanish-American war and already engaged in laying the groundwork of a vast foreign trade upon which it should one day become more and more dependent, found itself without the machinery for giving thorough attention to and taking effective action upon a mass of intricate business vital to American interests in every country in the world.

The department of state was an archaic and inadequate machine, lacking most of the attributes of the foreign office of any great modern power. With an appropriation made upon my recommendation by the congress on Aug. 5, 1909, the department of state was completely reorganized. There were created divisions of Latin-American affairs and of far eastern, near eastern and western European affairs. The law offices of the department were greatly strengthened. There were added foreign trade advisers to co-operate with the diplomatic and consular bureaus and the politico-geographical divisions in the innumerable matters where commercial diplomacy or consular work calls for special knowledge. The same officers, together with the rest of the new organization, are able at all times to give to American citizens accurate information as to conditions in foreign countries with which they have business and likewise to co-operate more effectively with the congress and also with the other executive departments.

Merit System in Consular and Diplomatic Corps.

Expert knowledge and professional training must evidently be the essence of this reorganization. Without trained foreign service there would not be men available for the work in the reorganized department of state. President Cleveland had taken the first step toward introducing the merit system in the foreign service. That had been followed by the application of the merit principle, with excellent results to the entire consular branch. Almost nothing, however, had been done in the diplomatic service. In this age of commercial diplomacy it was evidently of the first importance to train an adequate personnel in that branch of the service.

Therefore, on Nov. 26, 1909, by an executive order I placed the diplomatic service up to the grade of secretary of embassy, inclusive, upon exactly the same strict nonpartisan basis as the merit system, rigid examination for appointment and promotion only for efficiency, as had been maintained without exception in the consular service.

Merit and Nonpartisan Character of Appointments.

How faithful to the merit system and how nonpartisan has been the conduct of the diplomatic and consular services in the last four years may be judged from the following: Three ambassadors now serving held their present rank at the beginning of my administration. Of the ten ambassadors whom I have appointed five were by promotion from the rank of minister. Nine ministers now serving held their present rank at the beginning of my administration. Of the thirty ministers whom I have appointed, eleven were

promoted from the lower grades of the foreign service from the department of state. Of the nineteen missions in Latin America, where our relations are close and of great interest, fifteen chiefs of mission are service men, three having entered the service during this administration. The thirty-seven secretaries of embassy or legation who have received their initial appointments after having successfully passed the required examination were chosen for ascertained fitness, without regard to political affiliations. A search of candidates from southern and western states has alone made it impossible thus far completely to equalize all the states' representations in the foreign service. In the effort to equalize the representation of the various states in the consular service I have made sixteen of the twenty-nine new appointments as consul while have received during my administration from the southern states. This is 55 per cent. Every other consular appointment made, including the promotion of eleven young men from the consular assistant and student interpreter corps, has been by promotion or transfer, based solely upon efficiency shown in the service.

Larger Provision for Embassies and Legations Recommended.

In connection with legislation for the amelioration of the foreign service, I wish to invite attention to the advisability of placing the salary appropriations upon a better basis. I believe that the best results would be obtained by a moderate scale of salaries, with adequate funds for the expenses of proper representation, based in each case upon the scale and cost of living at each post, controlled by a system of accounting and under the general direction of the department of state.

In line with the object which I have in view of placing our foreign service on a basis of permanency, I have at various times advocated appropriate measures for the acquisition of government-owned buildings for the residence and offices of our diplomatic officers, so as to place them more nearly on an equality with similar officers of other nations, and to do away with the discrimination which otherwise must necessarily be made in some cases in favor of men having large private fortunes.

Diplomacy a Handmaid of Commercial Intercourse and Peace.

The diplomacy of the present administration has sought to respond to modern ideas of commercial intercourse. This policy has been characterized by substituting dollars for bullets. It is one that appeals alike to the humanitarian sentiments, to the dictates of sound policy and strategy and to legitimate commercial aims. It is an effort frankly directed to the increase of American trade upon the axiomatic principle that the government of the United States shall extend all proper support to every legitimate and beneficial American enterprise abroad. How great have been the results of this diplomacy, coupled with the maximum and minimum provision of the tariff law, will be seen by some consideration of the wonderful increase in the export trade of the United States. Because modern diplomacy is commercial there has been a disposition in some quarters to attribute to it none but materialistic aims. How strikingly erroneous is such an impression may be seen from a study of the results by which the diplomacy of the United States can be judged.

Successful Efforts in Promotion of Peace.

In the field of work toward the ideals of peace this government negotiated, but to my regret was unable to consummate, two arbitration treaties which set the highest mark of the aspiration of nations toward the substitution of arbitration and reason for war in the settlement of international disputes. Through the efforts of American diplomacy several wars have been prevented or ended. I refer to the successful tripartite mediation of the Argentine Republic, Brazil, and the United States between Peru and Ecuador, the bringing of the boundary dispute between Panama and Costa Rica to peaceful arbitration, the staying of warlike preparations when Haiti and the Dominican Republic were on the verge of hostilities, the stopping of a war in Nicaragua, the halting of intestine strife in Honduras.

The government of the United States was thanked for its influence toward the restoration of amicable relations between the Argentine Republic and Bolivia. The diplomacy of the United States is active in seeking to assuage the remaining ill feelings between this country and the republic of Colombia. In the recent civil war in China the United States successfully joined with the other interested powers in urging an early cessation of hostilities. An agreement has been reached between the governments of Chile and Peru, whereby the celebrated Tacna-Arica dispute, which has so long embittered international relations on the west coast of South America, has at last been adjusted. Simultaneously came the news that the boundary dispute between Peru and Ecuador had entered upon a stage of amicable settlement.

China.

In China the policy of encouraging financial investment to enable that country to help itself has had the result of giving new life and practical application to the open door policy. The consistent purpose of the present administration has been to encourage the use of American capital in the development of China by the promotion of those essential reforms to which China is pledged by treaties with the United States and other powers. The hypothesis for foreign bankers

in connection with certain industrial enterprises, such as the Hankow railways, of the national revenues upon which these reforms depended, led the department of state early in the administration to demand for American citizens participation in such enterprises. In order that the United States might have equal rights and an equal voice in all questions pertaining to the disposition of the public revenues concerned. The same policy of promoting international accord among the powers having similar treaty rights as ourselves in the matters of reform, which could not be put into practical effect without the common consent of all, was likewise adopted in the case of the loan desired by China for the reform of its currency. The principle of international co-operation in matters of common interest upon which our policy had already been based in all of the above instances has admittedly been a great factor in that concert of the powers which has been so happily conspicuous during the perilous period of transition through which the great Chinese nation has been passing.

Central America Needs Our Help in Debt Adjustment.

In Central America the aim has been to help such countries as Nicaragua and Honduras to help themselves. They are the immediate beneficiaries. The national benefit to the United States is twofold. First, it is obvious that the Monroe doctrine is more vital in the neighborhood of the Panama canal and the zone of the Caribbean than anywhere else. There, too, the maintenance of that doctrine falls most heavily upon the United States. It is therefore essential that the countries within that sphere shall be removed from the jeopardy involved by heavy foreign debt and chaotic national finances and from the ever present danger of international complications due to disorder at home.

Hence the United States has been glad to encourage and support American bankers who were willing to lend a helping hand to the financial rehabilitation of such countries because this financial rehabilitation and the protection of their custom houses from being the prey of would be dictators would remove at one stroke the menace of foreign creditors and the menace of revolutionary disorder.

I wish to call your especial attention to the recent occurrences in Nicaragua, for I believe the terrible events recorded there during the revolution of the past summer—the needless loss of life, the devastation of property, the bombardment of defenseless cities, the killing and wounding of women and children, the torturing of noncombatants to exact contributions and the suffering of thousands of human beings—might have been averted had the department of state, through approval of the loan convention by the senate, been permitted to carry out its now well developed policy of encouraging the extending of financial aid to weak Central American states with the primary object of avoiding just such revolutions by assisting those republics to rehabilitate their finances, to establish their currency on a stable basis, to remove the rotten houses from the danger of revolutions by arranging for their secure administration, and to establish peace banks.

I wish to congratulate the officers and men of the United States navy and marine corps who took part in reestablishing order in Nicaragua upon their splendid conduct and to record with sorrow the death of seven American marines and blackjackets. Since the establishment of peace and order elections have been held amid conditions of quiet and tranquility. Nearly all the American marines have now been withdrawn.

Our Mexican Policy.

For two years revolution and counter revolution have distracted the neighboring republic of Mexico. Brigandage has involved a great deal of depredation upon foreign interests. There have constantly recurred questions of extreme delicacy. On several occasions very difficult situations have arisen on our frontier. Throughout this trying period the policy of the United States has been one of patient noninterference, steadfast recognition of constituted authority in the neighboring nation, and the exertion of every effort to care for American interests. I profoundly hope that the Mexican nation may soon resume the path of order, prosperity and progress. To that nation in its sore troubles the sympathetic friendship of the United States has been demonstrated to a high degree.

There were in Mexico at the beginning of the revolution some 20,000 or 30,000 American citizens engaged in enterprises contributing greatly to the prosperity of that republic and also benefiting the important trade between the two countries. The investments of American capital in Mexico has been estimated at \$1,000,000,000. The responsibility of endeavoring to safeguard these interests and the dangers inseparable from propinquity to so turbulent a situation have been great, but I am happy to have been able to adhere to the policy above outlined—a policy which I hope may soon be justified by the complete success of the Mexican people in regaining the blessings of peace and good order.

Agricultural Credits.

A most important work accomplished in the past year by the American diplomatic officers in Europe is the investigation of the agricultural credit system in the European countries. Both as a means to afford relief to the consumers of this country through a more thorough development of agricultural resources and as a means of more efficiently maintaining the agricultural population, the project to establish credit facilities for the farmers is a

concern of vital importance to this nation.

No evidence of prosperity among well established farmers should blind us to the fact that lack of capital is preventing a development of the nation's agricultural resources and an adequate increase of the land under cultivation; that agricultural production is fast falling behind the increase in population and that, in fact, although these well established farmers are maintained in increasing prosperity because of the natural increase in population, we are yet developing the industry of agriculture.

Advantage of Maximum and Minimum Tariff Provision.

The importance which our manufacturers have assumed in the commerce of the world in competition with the manufactures of other countries again draws attention to the duty of this government to use its utmost endeavors to secure impartial treatment for American products in all markets. Healthy commercial rivalry in international intercourse is best assured by the possession of proper means for protecting and promoting our foreign trade. It is natural that competitive countries should view with some concern this steady expansion of our commerce. If in some instances the measures taken by them to meet it are not entirely equitable a remedy should be found.

In former messages I have described the negotiations of the department of state with foreign governments for the adjustment of the maximum and minimum tariff as provided in section 2 of the tariff law of 1909. The advantages secured by the adjustment of our trade relations under this law have continued during the last year, and some additional cases of discriminatory treatment of which we had reason to complain have been removed. The department of state has for the first time in the history of this country obtained substantial most-favored-nation treatment from all the countries of the world.

There are, however, other instances, which, while apparently not constituting undue discrimination in the sense of section 2, are nevertheless exceptions to the complete equity of tariff treatment for American products that the department of state consistently has sought to obtain for American commerce abroad.

Necessity For Supplementary Legislation.

These developments confirm the opinion conveyed to you in my annual message of 1911, that while the maximum and minimum provision of the tariff law of 1909 has been fully justified by the success achieved in removing previously existing undue discriminations against American products, yet experience has shown that this feature of the law should be amended in such way as to provide a fully effective means of meeting the varying degrees of discriminatory treatment of American commerce in foreign countries still encountered, as well as to protect against injurious treatment on the part of foreign governments through either legislative or administrative measures the financial interests abroad of American citizens whose enterprises enlarge the market for American commodities.

I cannot too strongly recommend to the congress the passage of some such enabling measure as the bill which was recommended by the secretary of state in his letter of Dec. 13, 1911. The object of the proposed legislation is, in brief, to enable the executive to apply, as the case may require, to any or all commodities, whether or not on the free list from a country which discriminates against the United States, a graduated scale of duties up to the maximum of 25 per cent ad valorem provided in the present law.

Flat tariffs are out of date. Nations no longer accord equal tariff treatment to all other nations irrespective of the treatment from them received. Such a flexible power at the command of the executive would serve to moderate any unfavorable tendencies on the part of those countries from which the importations into the United States are substantially confined to articles on the free list as well as of the countries which find a lucrative market in the United States for their products under existing custom rates. It is very necessary that the American government should be equipped with weapons of negotiation adapted to modern economic conditions in order that we may at all times be in a position to gain not only technically just but actually equitable treatment for our trade and also for American enterprises and vested interests abroad.

Business Secured to Our Country by Direct Official Effort.

As illustrating the commercial benefits to the nation derived from the new diplomacy and its effectiveness upon the material as well as the more ideal side, it may be remarked that through direct official efforts alone there have been obtained in the course of this administration contracts from foreign governments involving an expenditure of \$50,000,000 in the factories of the United States.

It is germane to these observations to remark that in the two years that have elapsed since the successful negotiation of our new treaty with Japan, which at the time seemed to present so many practical difficulties, our export trade to that country has increased at the rate of over \$1,000,000 a month. Our exports to Japan for the year ended June 30, 1910, were \$21,959,310, while for the year ended June 30, 1912, the exports were \$32,478,046, a net increase in the sale of American products of nearly 50 per cent.

The act adopted at the last session of congress to give effect to the far east convention of July 7, 1911, between

Great Britain, Japan, Russia and the United States provided for the suspension of all land killing of seals on the Pribilof Islands for a period of five years, and an objection has now been presented to this provision by the other parties in interest, which raises the issue as to whether or not this prohibition of land killing is inconsistent with the spirit if not the letter of the treaty stipulations. The justification for establishing this close season depends, under the terms of the convention, upon how far it at all is necessary for protecting and preserving the American seal herd and for increasing its number. This is a question requiring examination of the present condition of the herd and the treatment which it needs in the light of actual experience and scientific investigation.

Final Settlement of North Atlantic Fisheries Dispute.

On the 20th of July last an agreement was concluded between the United States and Great Britain adopting, with certain modifications, the rules and method of procedure recommended in the award rendered by the North Atlantic coast fisheries arbitration tribunal on Sept. 7, 1910, for the settlement hereafter, in accordance with the principles laid down in the award, of questions arising with reference to the exercise of the American fishing liberties under Article I of the treaty of Oct. 20, 1818, between the United States and Great Britain. This agreement received the approval of the senate on Aug. 1 and was formally ratified by the two governments on Nov. 15 last.

Opium Conference—Unfortunate Failure of Our Government.

In my message on foreign relations communicated to the two houses of congress Dec. 7, 1911, I called special attention to the assembling of the opium conference at The Hague, to the fact that that conference was to review all pertinent municipal laws relating to the opium and allied evils and certainly all international laws regarding these evils, and to the fact that it seemed to be the most essential that the congress should take immediate action on the anti-narcotic legislation before the congress, to which I had previously called attention by a special message.

The congress at its present session should enact into law those bills now before it which have been so carefully drawn up in collaboration between the department of state and the other executive departments and which have behind them not only the moral sentiment of the country, but the practical support of all the legitimate trade interests likely to be affected. Since the international convention was signed adherence to it has been made by several European states not represented at the conference of The Hague and also by seventeen Latin-American republics.

Europe and the Near East.

The war between Italy and Turkey came to a close in October last by the signature of a treaty of peace, subsequently to which the Ottoman empire renounced sovereignty over Cyrenaica and Tripolitania in favor of Italy. During the past year the near east has unfortunately been the theater of constant hostilities. Almost simultaneously with the conclusion of peace between Italy and Turkey and their arrival at an adjustment of the complex questions at issue between them, war broke out between Turkey on the one hand and Bulgaria, Greece, Montenegro and Serbia on the other.

In the exercise of my duty in the matter I have dispatched to Turkish waters a special service squadron, consisting of two armored cruisers, in order that this government may if need be bear its part in such measures as it may be necessary for the safeguarding of foreign lives and property in the Ottoman empire in the event that a dangerous situation should develop.

Liberia.

As a result of the efforts of this government to place the government of Liberia in position to pay its outstanding indebtedness and to maintain a stable and efficient government, negotiations for a loan of \$1,700,000 have been successfully concluded, and it is anticipated that the payment of the old loan and the issuance of the bonds of the 1912 loan for the rehabilitation of the finances of Liberia will follow at an early date, when the new receivership will go into active operation. The new receivership will consist of a general receiver of customs designated by the government of the United States and three receivers of customs designated by the governments of Germany, France and Great Britain, which countries have commercial interests in the republic of Liberia.

The Far East.

The political disturbances in China in the autumn and winter of 1911-12 resulted in the abdication of the Manchurian rulers on Feb. 12, followed by the formation of a provisional republican government empowered to conduct the affairs of the nation until a permanent government might be regularly established. The natural sympathy of the American people with the assumption of republican principles by the Chinese people was appropriately expressed in a concurrent resolution of congress on April 17, 1912.

A constituent assembly, composed of representatives duly chosen by the people of China in the elections that are now being held, has been called to meet in January next to adopt a permanent constitution and organize the government of the nascent republic. During the formative constitutional stage and pending definite action by the assembly, as expressive of the popular will, and the hoped for establishment of a stable republican form of government capable of fulfilling its

international obligations, the United States is, according to precedent, maintaining full and friendly de facto relations with the provisional government.

The new condition of affairs thus created has presented many serious and complicated problems, both of internal rehabilitation and of international relations, whose solution it was realized would necessarily require much time and patience. From the beginning of the upheaval last autumn it was felt by the United States, in contact with the other powers having large interests in China, that independent action by the foreign governments by their own individual interests would add further confusion to a situation already complicated. A policy of international co-operation was accordingly adopted in an understanding, reached early in the disturbances, to act together for the protection of the lives and property of foreigners in China, to maintain an attitude of strict impartiality as between the contending factions and to abstain from any endeavor to influence the Chinese in their organization of a new form of government.

It was further mutually agreed, in the hope of hastening an end to hostilities, that none of the interested powers would approve the making of loans by its nationals to either side. As soon, however, as a united provisional government of China was assumed, the United States joined in a favorable consideration of that government's request for advances needed for immediate administrative necessities and later for a loan to effect a permanent national reorganization. The interested governments had already, by common consent, adopted, in respect to the purposes, expenditure and security of any loans to China made by their nationals, certain conditions which were held to be essential, not only to secure reasonable protection for the foreign investors, but also to safeguard and strengthen China's credit by discouraging indiscriminate borrowing and by insuring the application of the funds toward the establishment of the stable and effective government necessary to China's welfare.

In June last representative banking groups of the United States, France, Germany, Great Britain, Japan and Russia formulated, with the general sanction of their respective governments, the guarantees that would be expected in relation to the expenditure and security of the large reorganization loan desired by China, which, however, have thus far proved unacceptable to the provisional government.

The Cuban Situation.

The republic of Cuba last May was in the throes of a lawless uprising that for a time threatened the destruction of a great deal of valuable property—much of it owned by Americans and other foreigners—as well as the existence of the government itself. The armed force of Cuba being inadequate to guard property from attack and at the same time properly to operate against the rebels, a force of American marines was dispatched from our naval station at Guantanamo into the province of Oriente for the protection of American and other foreign life and property. The Cuban government was thus able to use all its forces in putting down the outbreak, which it succeeded in doing in a period of six weeks. The presence of two American warships in the harbor of Havana during the most critical period of this disturbance contributed in great measure to allay the fears of the inhabitants, including a large foreign colony.

Necessity For Retention and Expansion of Our Foreign Trade.

It is not possible to make to the congress a communication upon the present foreign relations of the United States so detailed as to convey an adequate impression of the enormous increase in the importance and activities of those relations. If this government is really to preserve to the American people that free opportunity in foreign markets which will soon be indispensable to our prosperity, even greater efforts must be made.

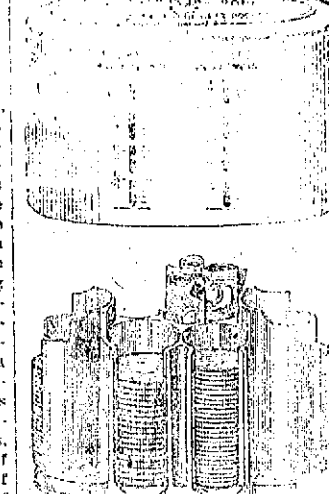
Conclusion.

Congress should fully realize the conditions which obtain in the world as we find ourselves at the threshold of our middle age as a nation. We have emerged full grown as a peer in the great concourse of nations. We have passed through various formative periods. We have been self centered in the struggle to develop our domestic questions. The nation is now too mature to continue in its foreign relations those temporary expedients natural to a people to whom domestic affairs are the sole concern.

In the past our diplomacy has often consisted, in normal times, in a mere assertion of the right to international existence. We are now in a larger relation with broader rights of our own and obligations to others than ourselves. A number of great guiding principles were laid down early in the history of this government. The recent task of our diplomacy has been to adjust those principles to the conditions of today, to develop their corollaries, to find practical applications of the old principles expanded to meet new situations.

The opening of the Panama canal will mark a new era in our international life and create new and wide conditions which, with their vast correlations and consequences, will obtain for hundreds of years to come. We must not wait for events to overtake us unawares. With continuity of purpose we must deal with the problems of our external relations by a diplomacy modern, resourceful, magnanimous and fitfully expressive of the high ideals of a great nation.

WILLIAM H. TAFT.
The White House, Dec. 3, 1912.



This Home Bank

Is a timely Christmas Present
It will start you saving
and keep you at it.

FREE to Our Savings Depositors.

Made to Help People Save

ANY PERSON

who will take one of these Home Safes, make it a rule to drop into it some amount, will be astonished and delighted at the close of the year at how much has been accumulated without being missed.

PISCATAQUA SAVINGS BANK,

C. A. HAZLETT, President.
C. W. BREWSTER, Treasurer

The Only Place to

Buy Pure Home

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Candies

Made Fresh every

day is at

NICHOLS

Cor. Congress and Fleet Sts.

Don't forget to place your

orders with us for our cele-

brated ice cream. None bet-

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FIVE KINDS OF

PURE CALIFORNIA

PORT WINE

From 1 to 8 Years Old.

Large size bottles, 25c, 35c,

50c, 75c and \$1 per bottle.

Trial size bottle 15c.

Ask your Doctor about it.

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Eight-acre farm in Eliot on

line of electric cars, 8 rooms,

2 stories with all, carriage

house also connected, cellar

under all the buildings. House

heated by hot water, hard

wood floors, buildings in good

condition, good well of water,

also spring, running water in

pasture; 60 fruit trees, apple,

pear and plum. This is a fine

chance to buy a home.

Other property on line of electric,

some with fine view of water. Apply to

G. O. ATHORNE,

Tel. 622. Eliot, Me.

WEAR RUBBERS

This Winter

TAFT WOULD KEEP PHILIPPINES

Declares Against Antonomy in General Message to Congress

TAFT'S RECOMMENDATIONS.

The plan of currency reform outlined by the Monetary Commission.

Amendment of the law to lessen the penalty when corporations inadvertently disobey the corporation tax law.

Congressional approval of plan of army re-organization prepared by the War College.

The passage of the tariff pay bill, Citizenship, without attachment, for Porto Rico.

Regulation of water power grants so that navigable streams might be improved by water power companies.

Elevation of Col. Goethals, builder of the Panama Canal, to a major generalship.

A return to the policy of two battle-ships a year.

Authority to the United States Supreme Court to make rules to expedite and lessen the cost of litigation.

He disapproved the following: Autonomy and independence in eight years for the Philippines.

Amendment of the Sherman anti-trust law.

No recommendation for tariff revision.

Washington, Dec. 9.—President Taft will make no further effort to have Congress reduce the tariff. In a "general" message to Congress submitted Friday, the President clearly indicated his intention of leaving further tariff revision to Mr. Wilson and the Congress just elected.

Sherman Law Effective.

"Now that a new Congress has been elected on a platform of tariff for revenue only, rather than a protective tariff, and is to revise the tariff on that basis," said the President, "it is needless for me to occupy the time of Congress with arguments or recommendations in favor of a protective tariff."

Mr. Taft came out strongly against independence for the Philippines, proposed, he said, in a bill now before Congress. He deprecated the new policy of one battleship a year instead of two, and endorsed again the scheme of currency reform proposed by the National Monetary Commission.

Conversation was lightly touched, the President recommending the amendment of bills now before Congress so that water power companies which dam navigable rivers will contribute to the improvement of these streams.

He declared that no radical change in the Sherman anti-trust law was needed and praised the Supreme Court for its recently announced change in rules of equity procedure.

In this connection the President asked Congress to pass legislation which would allow the Supreme Court to formulate rules of procedure under the common law in federal courts and predicted that such action would facilitate justice in those courts and re-

duce the cost of litigation to the public.

To Reward Goethals.

The Panama Canal was dismissed in a few words, the President prophesying its opening in the latter half of 1913. He took occasion however to declare that Congress should reward the work of Col. Goethals by an appointment as major general with the provision that he become chief of engineers when the term of the present incumbent expires.

The army the President discussed at some length. He praised the army legislation of the last Congress, but said that provision should be made by law so that the nation's foreign regiments may be always maintained upon a war footing; and he urged the passage of the pending militia pay bill.

Arouse National Spirit

"In the Philippine Islands we have embarked upon an experiment unprecedented in dealing with dependent people," said President Taft. "We are developing these conditions exclusive by for their own welfare."

"Through the unifying forces of a common education, of commercial and economic development, we are endeavoring to evolve a homogeneous people fit to determine when the time arrives their own destiny. We are seeking to arouse a national spirit and not, as under the older colonial theory, to suppress such a spirit. But our work is far from done. Our duty to the Philippines is far from discharged."

"If the task we have undertaken is higher than that assumed by other nations," continued the President, "its accomplishment must demand even more patience. To confer independence upon the Philippines now, is therefore, to submit the great mass of their people to the dominance of an alien race and probably, exploiting minority. Such a course will be as cruel to those people as it would be shameful to us."

In addition to his advice in regard to legislation and his opposition to pending measures, the President discussed the prosperity of the nation, its financial condition and the proposed system of a national budget showing proposed expenditures and revenues; and called attention to the balance in the general fund of the treasury of almost \$170,000,000.

NATIONAL BUDGET AND COST OF GOVERNMENT.

The estimates submitted by the secretary of the treasury, covering the financial requirements of the different departments of the United States government for the first fiscal year of the Wilson administration, indicate pretty clearly that all the economizing and paring down methods adopted during the last four years have not materially reduced the cost of government. It

should be said in fairness to Mr. Taft and his associates that no reduction was expected. What was aimed at was the prevention of extravagances, and this has been largely accomplished. There were tendencies that called loudly for a check, and the plan of subjecting all estimates to the scrutiny of heads of departments has operated to eliminate many loose processes. It will be recalled that in the first session of the Sixty-first Congress the methods of making appropriations and authorizing expenditures were so obviously unbusinesslike the Senate created a special committee to supervise all future estimates for supplies. This committee accomplished little of itself, but it assisted in giving a moral force to a movement already inaugurated.

On the face of Secretary MacVeagh's estimates, there is no change for the better. They call for \$223,415,456; with the amount needed to operate the post-office department, the total will reach and probably pass the billion-dollar mark. But the public will obtain a better return for the money, providing the reforms that have been carried out under Mr. Taft shall be continued under Mr. Wilson.

Aside from the constantly increasing cost of efficient administration, there have been unusual increases in some other respects. These make necessary an increase of \$20,000,000 in the pension appropriations for Mr. Wilson's first fiscal year, and an increase of \$25,000,000 on account of the navy. Only about twenty-six days are allotted to the House for the consideration of the appropriation bills, so that it must draw upon the national treasury at the rate of something like \$42,000,000 a day if the total of \$1,000,000,000 is to be reached. This necessitates rapid work, and all the more necessary is it that the estimates shall be carefully scrutinized before they reach the legislators.

In connection with the estimates is an item of \$250,000 to meet the cost of maintaining the economy and efficiency commission appointed by President Taft. In the present House, sympathy with this commission has been very small in the past; it is not unlikely that the item may be eliminated in the present session. Some of the Democrats have been unsparing in their ridicule of the idea that the country should spend a great amount of money annually in the ostensible interest of economy. Yet, there is nothing absurd about this. It is really not what is spent by this commission, but what it saves, that counts. There can be no question that it has been instrumental in bringing about large economies and greater efficiency in some of the administrative departments. What these have been, and the extent to which the government has profited, will undoubtedly appear in the debate that must inevitably result when this item is up for consideration. The cost of government is likely to increase with the demands upon it, as well as with the increasing cost of supplies and labor and service. Savings will be possible, however, through watchfulness and competence on the part of the department chiefs, and these can always be aided by some such agency as the economy and efficiency commission. —Christian Science Monitor.

ADVERTISED LETTERS

Portsmouth, N. H. Dec. 7, 1912.

Bhiseo, Mr. P. B.
Bruce, Mr. Geo. A.
Daly, Mr. Frank.
Dyer, Mr. Geo.
Gould, Mr. George.
Haight, Mr. G. M.
Hamilin, William E.
Larimer, Mr. Flavius.
McCollum, Dr. W. G.
Nutting, Mr. E. F.
Palmer, Mr. G. P.
Richardson, Mr. Frank.
Sawyer, Charles L.
Schoffeld, Mr. George.
Dims, Mr. Raymond.
White, Mr. Robert.
Dawes, Miss D. E.
Grouse, Mrs. C. M.
Henderson Mrs. W. A.
Holt, Mrs. Charlie.
McNeil, Miss Katherine.
Manson, Mrs. Ruth.
Purvis, Mrs. John.
Pelree, Mrs. William.
Raymond, Mrs. William A.
Ramsdell, Mrs. H. A.
Stevens Mrs. M. E.
Shaw, Mrs. J. M.
Scott, Miss Maggie.

Portsmouth merchants can save you money in your Christmas buying.

Magee Clinton

The Best Value ever offered in a low priced range.

Complete in all its Details.

All nickel parts removable, oven heat indicator, high and tea shelf.

Our price

\$30.87

W. E. PAUL, Agt.
Tel. 536-W 87 Market St.

MISS JULIE OPP AT MAJESTIC THEATRE



To present a Shakespearean performance that will be equally pleasing to the keen student of Shakespearean literature and the classics and to the ordinary theatre-goer anxious for thrills and exciting drama has been the aim of William Faversham, who brings his all-star spectacular revival of "Julius Caesar" to the Majestic Theatre on this Monday evening for two weeks only.

Although "Julius Caesar" is the most popular of all the Shakespearean plays, it is seldom performed, for the simple reason that it is impossible to gather in a single company enough prominent actors to give an adequate interpretation of the many difficult roles in the piece. Mr. Faversham has assembled the most remarkable Shakespearean cast that the stage

has known since the days of Booth, Barrett and Davenport. Prominent in the cast are such well-known stars as Mr. Faversham, Tyrone Power, Frank Keenan, Fuller Meltish, Miss Julie Opp, Miss Jane Wheatley, Arthur Elliot Berton Churchill, Lionel Belmore and more than 200 others.

In order that the production might be as notable pictorially as historically Mr. Faversham has expended more than \$40,000 upon scenery and costumes alone. All the seven scenic settings were designed by the late Sir Alma Tadema, the most celebrated painter of Roman subjects the world has known. The special incidental music, which is a feature of the production, was composed under Mr. Faversham's direction by Christopher Wilson, the young English composer, who wrote the music for "Kismet."

ALL EMPLOYEES TO RECEIVE PASSES

The following is more in detail about the new system of passes to be issued by the Boston and Maine railroad already briefly mentioned in these columns:

The Boston & Maine railroad will enlarge its pass system among its employees, so that after Jan. 1 every person employed will be eligible for a pass that will enable him to ride on any part of the entire system of this railroad.

Could Ride to Work

Heretofore every worker was permitted to have a pass to ride to and from his work. This did not apply if a person worked in the town where he resided. There was another pass which was general, and this permitted the employee to ride on any part of the entire system of the road. This pass was given to all those who worked in the offices, and it also included the engineers, firemen, conductors and brakemen. With such a pass a person could ride at any time, whether on business for the road or not.

Those who worked in the shops, along freight handlers and the like, were not permitted this general pass. Now the management has decided that all employees shall share alike the benefits.

In order for a worker to be entitled to this general pass he will have to be in the employ of the company for a period of 10 years. If he is in the service for 15 years he will be entitled to a general pass that will carry both himself and any member of his family dependent on him. He may take his wife, daughter or son with him on any trip he may desire.

If he be a single man he can take anyone dependent on him, such as mother or father, or even sister, but his fiancée is barred.

"Why is this?" an official in the office of William F. Ray general superintendent was asked. "Because the law does not permit it," was the reply.

"The management on the road has just settled on this policy," said this official. "We shall extend the passes the first of the year so that all of the employees shall get the benefits. Herebefore, we have confined our passes

to travelling to and from work for the most part. Now, we shall arrange things so that after 10 years of service those in our shops etc., can ride over the entire system and in some instances those dependent on them may accompany them.

"Length of service will be the test. The passes will be issued semi-annually until one is in the employ of the road for two years and after that they will be issued annually. After 10 years a general pass will issue for one and after 15 years an employee will be privileged to take a member of his family dependent on him.

"This change will affect thousands of men in our employ, but I cannot at this moment give you the exact figures. It will be operative on the entire Boston & Maine system."

WOMAN STOWAWAY ON A U. S. BATTLESHIP

In Male Attire, Hidden in Coal Bunkers of Kansas—Wants to Go to Philadelphia.

Gavelston, Dec. 8.—A woman was a passenger aboard the U. S. battleship Kansas which, with other vessels of Admiral Fletcher's fleet, arrived from New Orleans. The woman whose name could not be ascertained, was found hidden in the bunkers clad in man's clothing. She said she was penniless and boarded the battleship just before it left New Orleans in the hope that she might remain in hiding until the fleet was headed for Philadelphia where she said her relatives lived.

Jackie aboard the Kansas made up a purse to defray the expenses of her journey to Philadelphia.

BECOMING STOLES

Occasionally one sees the very narrow fur tie one width of a narrow fur brought round the neck and looped up with heads and tails in front but generally a four-inch width is popular. It is neither so cozy nor so luxurious as the fuller fur but it is youthful and it has the mysterious quality of smartness. Throw-over-ties are favorites and the medium widths are most becoming.

There is a tendency to the use of knotted fringes and ermine is continually used after the fashion of fringe. That is to say it has ceased to be made up with the quaint little black tails all over it but they are ar-

TIMELY SUGGESTIONS FOR HOLIDAY SHOPPING

The question of gift making is easily answered at this store. Every department offers a wonderful array of attractive, SENSIBLE and USEFUL articles, carefully selected not only with the holiday spirit in mind but with regard to a further utility. Nothing is over-priced. Note this partial list from our shoe department:

Knit Slippers, Poudoir Slippers, Felt Shoes and Slippers, Fur and Ribbon Trimmed Juliettes, Wool Soles, Dancing Pumps, Auto Leggings, Leather Leggings, Jersey Leggings, Gaiters, Indian Moccasins, Rubber Boots, High Button and Buckle Overshoes, High Storm Shoes, Men's and Boys' Fancy Slippers, Ralston Shoes for Men, Dorothy Dodd Shoes for Women.

N. H. BEANE & CO.,

Head to Foot Outfitters,

5 CONGRESS STREET, PORTSMOUTH, N. H.

ranged in bars across the skin or in zigzags and too hot course exactly like a black fringe on the snowy surface.

Some quite cheap and pretty things are made up in money and ermine. Thus a long pillow muff of money had a very pointed envelope flap of tailless ermine edged with a narrow band of money and hung with a double row of tails which appeared just like tassels along the edge. The tails were finished to match. Indeed the muffs are sometimes so large and the stoies so small that we no longer the former to the latter but vice versa.

UP TO JONES MEN

The official force of the Portsmouth Brewing Co. are developing some speed on the bowling alley and while the game is hot would like to throw a few at the candlepins in a match against the clerical staff at the Frank Jones Brewing company. What's the matter with a brewery league?

BIG NIGHT AT RYE.

The Rye democrats are planning for the big night on Thursday next. A large number of the party are planning to be on hand including several from Portsmouth.

Have you heard that there is a political scrap in Ward Three? Will the Democrats sell out? Political Ad.

PROTEST AGAINST CANAL TOLL RATE

San Francisco, Dec. 8.—A petition to President Taft that the administration seek "an honorable and amicable settlement" with Great Britain of that country's protest against the Panama Canal Act, has been forwarded by Benjamin Ide Wheeler, president of the University of California; David Starr Jordan, president of the Stanford University; Archbishop P. W. Riordan of the Roman Catholic diocese of San Francisco; Representative William Kent and other influential Californians, to whom it seems that parts of the act are "a violation of the Hay-Pauncefote treaty."

The text of the petition and the list of signers were made public here tonight.

It is recommended that the administration seek an amicable and honorable settlement of this matter, either through diplomatic negotiations or by recommending to Congress the amendment of such parts of its recent act as may be questionable.

The petition concludes:

It is our earnest conviction that as a people we can better suffer some limitation of our freedom of legislation and some commercial disadvantages, rather than disregard or appear to disregard a treaty negotiated in good faith, and solemnly ratified.

MADE OF SOLID LEATHER

BOYS'

Feet need protection in these Winter months. We realize that the parents have faith in our experience in knowing good shoes. BUY

The WALTON Shoe

Why? Because solid leather is a vital feature in these shoes. One-piece counters. No cut off vamps. \$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$2.00.

SHOES

C. F. DUNCAN & CO.

MADE OF SOLID LEATHER

NO. 19.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK, PORTSMOUTH, N. H.
Statement at the close of business
November 26, 1912.

RESOURCES.	LIABILITIES.
Loans and Discounts.....	Capital.....
U. S. Bonds.....	Surplus and Undivided Profits.....
State Securities, etc.....	Circulation.....
Banking House and Fixtures.....	Deposits.....
Cash due from Banks and from U. S. Treasurer.....	
\$1,121,668.42	\$1,121,668.42

Safe Deposit Boxes for Rent, \$1.50 and upwards per year.
Storage Vaults.

Grand Opportunity for Thrifty Buyers

Attractively Priced Holiday Furniture

For a few days only we are offering (as has been our custom at this season of the year) to the people of Portsmouth and vicinity an opportunity to refurnish their dining room at a minimum cost. These dining room sets at following unheard of prices:

- 1 Massive Golden Quartered Oak Dining Set, regular price \$165.00, for.....\$104.00
- 1 Golden Quartered Oak Dining Set, regular price \$68.50, for.....\$42.00
- 1 Very Heavy Mission Set, regular price \$78.50, for.....\$58.00
- 1 Golden Oak China Closet, mirror back, regular price \$21.50, for.....\$12.75
- 1 Golden Oak China Closet, extra large, regular price \$23.50, for.....\$14.75
- 1 Golden Oak China Closet, all mirror back, plate glass shelves, regular price \$32.50, for.....\$19.75
- 1 Golden Oak Buffet, large French plate mirror, regular price \$18.50, for.....\$13.75
- 1 Golden Oak Buffet, colonial type, regular price \$19.75, for.....\$14.75
- 1 6-foot Round Oak Extension Table, heavy pedestal, regular price \$12.00, for.....\$6.49
- 1 6-foot Round Oak Extension Table, very heavy pedestal, regular price \$15.50, for.....\$8.75
- Others in Oak and Mahogany from.....\$12.00 to \$65.00

These goods are strictly first class and we guarantee they cannot be duplicated at these prices elsewhere.

Portsmouth Furniture Co.,

CORNER DEER AND VAUGHAN STREETS.

ROSE STAHL AT THE PARK THEATRE

THE FINEST STAMPS
IN THE WORLD

Are Those the Government
Has Prepared for Parcels
Post.

"The finest series of postage stamps engraving and printing ever issued by any government of the world." That is the expressed opinion, says the Washington Star, not only of Director Ralph of the Bureau of engraving and printing, but of every engraver, printer and division chief who has had anything to do with the issue of parcels post postage stamps now being distributed among the 60,000 or more post offices of the United States, ready for January 1, 1913, when the law authorizing their use for forwarding packages in bulk is effective.

One hundred million of stamps probably will have been distributed at that time.

There are 12 different designs of stamps of as many different values—one, two, three, four, five, ten, fifteen, twenty, twenty-five, seventy-five, cents and one dollar—all printed in one, two, five, ten and twenty-five cent values, in green ink.

The stamps at the line of perforation are one inch by one and one-half inches in dimensions. All but the postage due stamps are ornamented with exquisitely delicate engravings representative of the varied activities of the postal service or of the industries whose productions will be benefited by the privileges of the parcels post.

The post office clerk is the subject of the tiny engraving that ornaments the one-cent stamp. The clerk is shown distributing mail in the many bags of a mail rack illustrating the system in vogue in all big post offices. On the two-cent stamp is shown the city letter carrier at work. He is at the front door of a city residence, waiting for response to his ring to deliver the mail.

The railway mail clerk is the subject of the three-cent stamp. On the four-cent stamp is shown the rural carrier and his wagon and horse. The mail train is pictured on the five-cent stamp. A fine piece of engraving is the steamship and mail tender, the subject of the ten-cent stamp.

The automobile service illustrates the fifteen-cent stamp, showing the quick way of collecting mail in the cities. An aeroplane carrying mail, depicted on the twenty-cent stamp is a forecast of what is certain to be a great factor in future mail service.

The other stamps are devoted to illustrating big industries. Manufacturing, the title of the twenty-five-cent stamp, shows a steel plant. Dairying is the occupation exhibited on the fifty-cent stamp. Harvesting is the agricultural scene on the seventy-five cent stamp. Fruit growing, the ornament for the dollar stamp, is another of the engravings noteworthy for the perfection of the miniature figures.

Each of these engravings is crowded into the tiny paper as a postage stamp, leaving space for margin and engraved border. The first design was approved in October. Since then all the stamp plates have been engraved and many deliveries made to the post office department for circulation among the postoffices.

The preparation of an issue of stamps for the post office department is an interesting procedure. The post office department, in compliance with law, declares its needs. The designers are put to work by the bureau of engraving and printing, and prepare drawings of subjects supposed to be pertinent to the occasion of the issue. The drawings are themselves miniature, contained in a space of four by six inches, approximately. There are photographed down to stamp size, and submitted as designs to the postmaster general. His approval is given, when the work of engraving is taken up. The printing follows: the delivery of the stamps to the postal authorities is the next step, when that department of the government does the rest.

In North Hampton Dr. Herbert A. White shot a deer Monday, and on Tuesday John Lynch secured another near his home. Ralph Fish was the first to kill one in Kensington.

I'M THE MAN WHO PUT
THE CLEAN
IN CLEANING

And you will all agree that my work has been entirely satisfactory to you from my past experience of over twenty years.

My ability to please both old and new customers gives me the reputation of the ONLY Cleaner and Dyer in South Eastern New Hampshire.

H. SUSSMAN
30 PENHALLOW ST.

Stand By Portsmouth

Improve Conditions
Build Up Business
Lower the Tax Rate

Vote for Peace and Prosperity Right
Here at Home
Elect One of the Best Tickets Ever
Presented to Our Voters

THE TICKET

For Mayor

JOHN PENDER

For Councilmen at Large

EDWARD H. ADAMS
HAROLD H. BENNETT
CHARLES FRED DUNCAN
BERTRAM M. TILTON

For Ward Councilmen

Ward 1, ROBERT M. HERRICK
" 2, GEORGE H. CLARK
" 3, WM. E. DOWDELL
" 4, ARTHUR C. COX
" 5, JOHN W. SMART

For Assessor of Taxes

CHARLES E. HODGDON

For Member of Board of Public Works

JOHN NEWICK

For Members of Board of Instruction

ALFRED GOODING
FRED S. TOWLE
FERNANDO W. HARTFORD
IDA P. BENFIELD

A HOMELY HINT

Never clean rare old laces with benzine, as is the common practice. Benzine which is a great grease remover will take the natural oil out of the lace and make the threads brittle, stiff and liable to break into holes.

FADS AND FANCIES

A very pretty muff for the young girl is made of velvet, of a shade to harmonize with her suit. Shredded

bands border the plain center.

Jabots seem to be growing larger. Many of the newest types spread over the entire front of a blouse and extend around over the shoulder.

The very smart afternoon gowns are made of velvet and trimmed with fur. Such furs as caracul, Persian lamb and skunk are effectively used.

The latest fashion of dressing the hair is the French twist, caught with an up-to-date comb. The front is parted or worn in a flat pompadour.

The Herald prints all the news while it is news.

Ed Geers, Veteran Harness Turfman,
Will in Future Train Horses Only



Lexington, Ky., Dec. 8.—Ed. Geers, to the training side of the sport. He the veteran harness horse turfman, announces that he will never handle the reins in a race again. Geers says he will devote his time in the future to the training of horses in America.

Join the Boosters

Knock the Knockers